(Supplementary Order Paper)

82 DÁIL ÉIREANN

Dé Máirt, 18 Samhain, 2008 Tuesday, 18th November, 2008

2.30 p.m.

I dTOSACH GNÓ PHOIBLÍ AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF PUBLIC BUSINESS

Billí a thionscnamh: Initiation of Bills

Tabhairt Isteach: Introduction:

7a. An Bille um Cheartas Coiriúil (Coireacht Fhoréigneach a Chosc) 2008 — An Chéad Chéim.

Criminal Justice (Violent Crime Prevention) Bill 2008 — First Stage.

Bille dá ngairtear Acht do leasú na nAchtanna um Cheartas Coiriúil, do chur deiridh le loghadh uathdhéanta pianbhreitheanna i gcásanna coiriúla, dá shocrú gur 25 bliana an téarma íosta a bheidh le cur isteach ar dhuine a chiontú i ndúnmharú, do dhéanamh socrú maidir le srianta sibhialta a chur ar dhaoine atá páirteach i ngníomhaíocht choiriúil eagraithe agus do dhéanamh socrú i dtaobh nithe comhghaolmhara.

Bill entitled an Act to amend the Criminal Justice Acts, to abolish automatic remission of sentences in criminal cases, to provide a minumum 25 year term to be served on conviction of murder, to provide civil restrictions on persons involved in organised criminal activity and to provide for connected matters.

—Charles Flanagan.

GNÓ COMHALTAÍ PRÍOBHÁIDEACHA PRIVATE MEMBERS' BUSINESS

Fógra i dtaobh leasú ar Thairscint : Notice of Amendment to Motion

53. "That Dáil Éireann:

deplores:

- the murder of an innocent victim in Limerick by gangland criminals last week making him the 17th gangland murder victim this year;
- the failure of the criminal justice system to secure convictions in 113 of the 127 gangland killings that have taken place since 1998;

- the failure of the criminal justice system in respect of the almost 30,000 outstanding bench warrants that have yet to be executed;
- the failure of the Government to cut off the source of gangland criminals' wealth and weapons, namely drugs, by failing to adequately resource An Garda Siochána and the Customs and Excise Service with the necessary manpower and modern equipment;
- the Government's proposed reduction in trainee intake into An Garda Síochána;
- the fact that gangland criminals are able to continue to carry out criminal activity from within the State's prisons;
- the failure of the Government to address matters essential to the administration of justice such as the admissibility of video evidence in Court; and
- the failure of the Minister for Justice, Equality and Law Reform to maintain confidence and stability in the criminal justice system and further condemns the Government for its consistent failure to take definitive action steps to quell gangland criminal activities;

and calls on the Government to immediately:

- recognise that it has failed to prevent the escalation in gangland activity to such an extent that criminal gangs have become a threat to the State;
- restore public confidence in the criminal justice system by committing itself to the enforcement of statutes aimed at addressing activity by criminal gangs;
- address the serious matter whereby almost 30,000 bench warrants remain outstanding;
- apportion additional resources to An Garda Síochána and the Customs and Excise Service to ensure that the myriad loopholes at ports, smaller airports and along the coast are addressed as well as in local communities;
- bring forward measures to allow for the admissibility of video evidence in Court;
- introduce reform to protect the identities of witnesses at identification parade;
- establish the Judicial Sentencing Commission;
- ensure that Oireachtas provisions in respect of mandatory minimal sentencing are implemented;
- reverse the cut in funding to the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions which will make it impossible for the office to process its workload efficiently;
- deliver upon commitments to provide digital radio to all Gardaí;
- expedite legislation to allow for the introduction of a DNA database;
- expand and enhance the Garda Emergency Response Unit and the Criminal Assets Bureau;
- deliver on commitments in respect of Community Gardaí throughout the country; and
- adopt a co-ordinated approach to tackling criminal gangs which exercise an unacceptable level of control and authority in communities throughout the country."
 Charles Flanagan, Enda Kenny, Bernard Allen, James Bannon, Seán Barrett, Pat Breen, Richard Bruton, Ulick Burke, Catherine Byrne, Joe Carey, Deirdre Clune, Paul Connaughton, Noel J. Coonan, Simon Coveney, Seymour Crawford, Michael Creed, Lucinda Creighton, Michael D'Arcy, John Deasy, Jimmy Deenihan, Andrew Doyle, Bernard J. Durkan, Damien English, Olwyn Enright, Frank Feighan, Terence Flanagan, Brian Hayes, Tom Hayes, Phil Hogan, Paul Kehoe, Pádraic McCormack, Shane McEntee, Dinny McGinley, Joe McHugh, Olivia Mitchell, Denis Naughten, Dan Neville, Michael Noonan, Kieran O'Donnell, Fergus O'Dowd, Jim O'Keeffe, John O'Mahony, John Perry, James Reilly, Michael Ring, Alan Shatter, Tom

Leasú:

Amendment:

- 1. To delete all words after "Dáil Éireann" and substitute the following:
- "— condemns all unlawful killings and the criminal disregard for human life they demonstrate and expresses its sympathy to the families of the victims of all such killings;
- condemns in particular the recent killing in Limerick;
- strongly supports An Garda Síochána in their determined fight against gangland crime and notes the significant successes they have had in this regard;
- notes the extensive package of criminal law reform aimed at tackling gangland and other crime undertaken in recent years by this Government, especially the wide range of measures in the Criminal Justice Acts 2006 and 2007;
- notes in particular the creation of offences relating to organised crime and membership of an organised criminal gang; new procedures relating to the use of witness statements; increased penalties for offences relating to firearms; and mandatory minimum sentences for drug trafficking offences;
- notes also the restriction of the right to silence; the strengthening of bail requirements; mandatory sentences for repeat offenders; restrictions on the giving of video recordings of Garda interviews to suspects; and the admissibility in evidence of video recordings of Garda interviews;
- notes the extension of the detention of suspects for up to seven days to facilitate the investigation of certain serious offences;
- notes that funding of €18 million will be provided in 2009 for new state-of-the-art forensic science facilities and the State Pathology Laboratory, which will enable work on the DNA database to proceed once legislation is in place;
- notes that further legislative reforms will shortly be introduced by this Government that will address further areas where it is considered such measures are necessary;
- notes in particular that the Criminal Justice (Covert Surveillance) Bill relating to the use in evidence of information obtained as a result of covert surveillance by An Garda Síochána; the Criminal Justice (Forensic Evidence and Sampling) Bill to establish a DNA database for criminal investigation purposes; and the Criminal Procedure Bill providing for the possibility of an acquitted person being re-tried where the acquittal was the result of perjury, intimidation or other interference with the trial process will shortly be introduced;
- condemns the illegal and dangerous use of prohibited substances;
- supports the Government in its ongoing implementation of the current National Drugs Strategy and its development of a new strategy for the period 2009 2016;
- welcomes the appointment of additional staff to the Criminal Assets Bureau in 2008 and the increase of 20% in its budget in 2009;
- notes the introduction of over 90 CAB profilers and their placement in each Garda division;
- supports the focus of the Criminal Assets Bureau on the assets of both the leaders of criminal gangs and their lower ranking members;

- welcomes the success of the Criminal Assets Bureau in seizing nearly €10 million of the proceeds of crime and collecting over €10 million in taxes and interest in 2007;
- notes the provision of additional resources by the Revenue Commissioners to tackling drug smuggling and their seizures of suspect cash;
- welcomes the Government's funding for the national Dial to Stop Drug Dealing Campaign;
- expresses its deep concern at the increase in the number of licensed handguns and, while recognising that the vast majority of the holders of licensed guns are law abiding, fully supports the intention of the Minister for Justice, Equality and Law Reform to address this issue comprehensively following the urgent and intensive review of firearms law by his Department and An Garda Síochána carried out at his instruction;
- recognises the unprecedented increase in the number of judges in recent years and the significant investment made by the Government in the courts infrastructure;
- notes the major increase in the strength of An Garda Síochána from 12,209 at the end of 2004 to 14,455 by the end of this year;
- notes that there are currently almost 1,100 trainees in the Garda College which will result in the number of attested Gardaí rising from 14,284 at the end of September 2008 to almost 14,900 by the end of 2009;
- recognises the significant increase from 439 at the end of 2005 to 698 at the end of September, 2008 in the number of Gardaí throughout the country dedicated to community policing;
- notes that the financial allocation to An Garda Síochána has increased from €1.084 billion in 2004 to €1.589 billion in 2009 representing a 47% increase, thereby ensuring that An Garda Síochána is better equipped than ever before to tackle gangland crime;
- notes that the Garda authorities are developing proposals based on the latest technology to enhance the conduct of ID parades;
- notes the significant progress made in the introduction of a digital radio service for An Garda Siochána;
- notes the introduction of the Regional Support Unit in the Garda Southern Region;
- notes the continuing efforts by An Garda Síochána to speedily execute warrants, particularly in the most serious cases;
- notes the provision of over 1,300 prison spaces since 1997 and commends the continued investment in modern prison accommodation with a further 400 prison spaces being provided by mid-2009;
- notes the significant resources provided by the Government to provide the Irish Prison Service with over 130 additional staff to implement a range of enhanced security measures within the prisons;
- notes the advances made by the Irish Prison Service in the development of mobile phone inhibition technology, with the project at the Midlands prison at the final testing stage; and
- notes the increase in the number of posts in the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions following a review in 2006 of staffing in the office." An tAire Dlí agus Cirt, Comhionannais agus Athchóirithe Dlí.