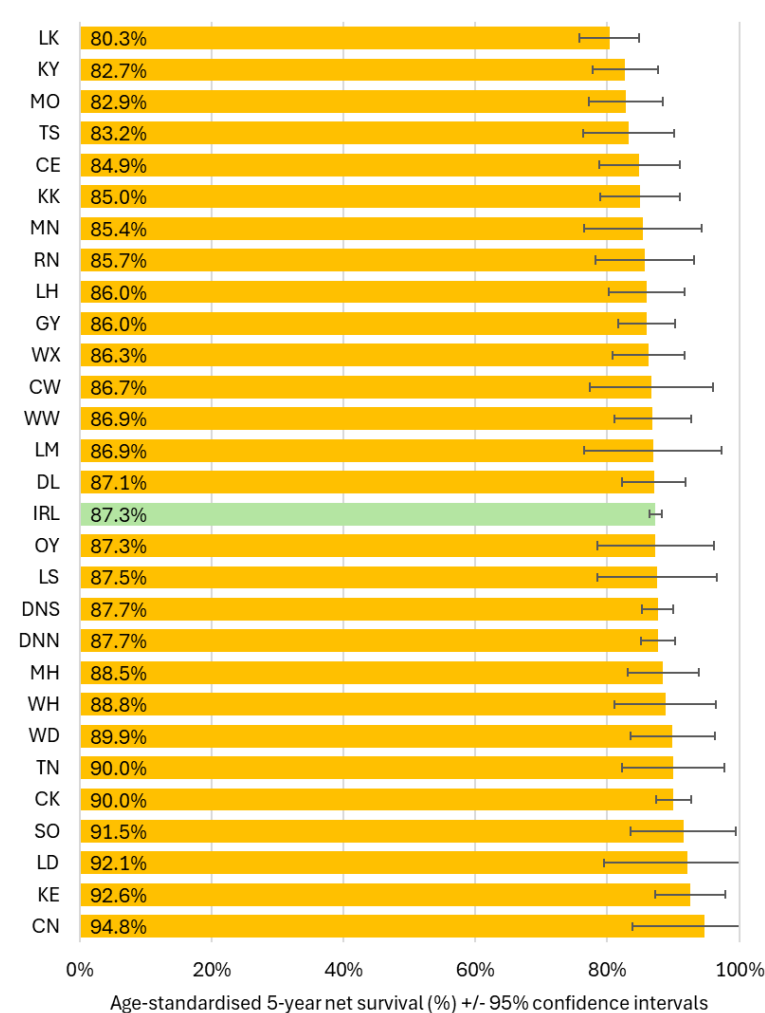


Figure 1. Invasive female breast cancer (C50): age-standardised five-year net survival for the period 2018-2022, by county



National benchmark (IRL): 87.3% (green bar).

Net survival discounts deaths from causes other than cancer

Confidence Intervals

Each bar has a 95% CI. If the CI overlaps the national benchmark (87.3%), the difference is not statistically significant.

Interpretation

The small level of variation likely reflects:

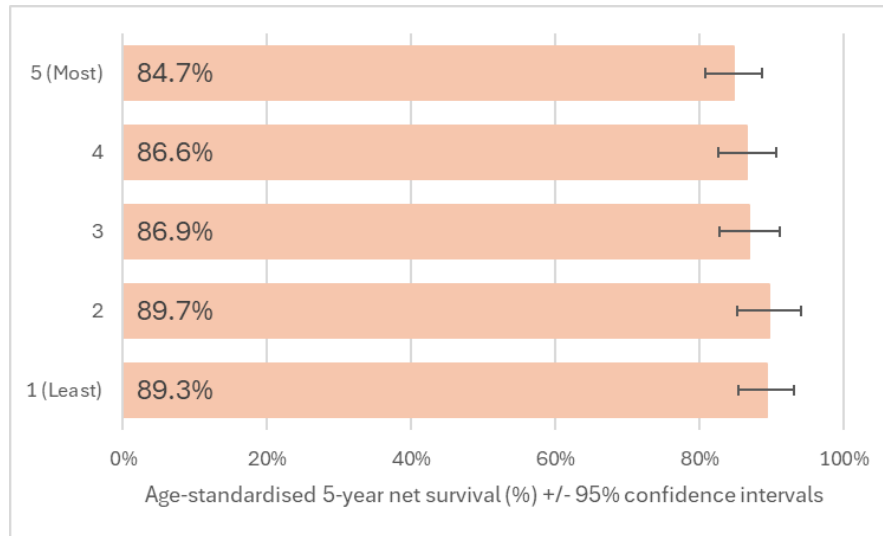
Differences in stage at diagnosis, screening uptake, or access to treatment (e.g., surgery, radiotherapy, systemic therapy) or a combination of these factors

Population size effects: Smaller counties (e.g., CN, LK) have wider CIs, so caution is needed.

Possible socioeconomic and geographic disparities in care pathways.

Figure 2. Invasive female breast cancer (C50): age-standardised five-year net survival

for the period 2018-2022, by ED level deprivation quintile



5-year net survival was higher for the least deprived areas (89.3%) compared to the most deprived areas (84.7%) for 2018-2022 (Figure 2.)