



AN BILLE AIRGEADAIS, 1976 FINANCE BILL, 1976

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AN BILLE AIRGEADAIS, 1976

FINANCE BILL, 1976

entitled

5 AN ACT TO CHARGE AND IMPOSE CERTAIN DUTIES OF CUSTOMS AND INLAND REVENUE (INCLUDING EXCISE), TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO AND INLAND REVENUE (INCLUDING CUSTOMS EXCISE) AND TO MAKE FURTHER PROVISIONS IN CONNECTION WITH FINANCE. 10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OIREACHTAS AS FOLLOWS:

PART I

INCOME TAX, SUR-TAX, CORPORATION PROFITS TAX AND CAPITAL GAINS TAX

CHAPTER I

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Income Tax

1.—Section 128 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended— Amendment of

(a) by the insertion after paragraph (b) in subsection (4) of the following paragraph:

ection 128 of 1967. 1967, No. 6.

"(bb) a certificate signed by an officer of the Revenue Com-20 missioners which certifies that he has inspected the relevant records of the Revenue Commissioners and that it appears from them that, during a stated period, the defendant was an employer or a person whose name and address was registered in the 25 register kept and maintained under Regulation 8 (4) of the Income Tax (Employments) Regulations, 1960, S.I. No. 28 of shall be evidence, until the contrary is proved, that the defendant was during that period an employer or, 30 as the case may be, a person whose name and address were so registered,",

and

(b) by the substitution for "or paragraph (b)" in paragraph (c) of ", (b) or (bb)", and the said paragraph, as so amended, is set out in the Table to this section. 35

TABLE

(c) a certificate certifying as provided for in paragraph (a), (b) or (bb) and purporting to be signed by an officer of the Revenue Commissioners may be tendered in evidence without proof and shall be deemed until the contrary is 40 proved to have been signed by an officer of the Revenue Commissioners.

2.—Section 142 (1) (as amended by the Finance Act, 1975) of the Amendment of Income Tax Act, 1967, shall have effect-

section 142 of Income Tax Act, 1967. 1975, No. 6.

- (a) for the year 1975-76, as if—
 - (i) for "£592", in both places where it occurs, there were substituted "£605", and
 - (ii) for "£497" there were substituted "£510",
- (b) for the year 1976-77 and each subsequent year of assessment,
 - (i) for "£592", in both places where it occurs, there were substituted "£670", and
 - (ii) for "£497" there were substituted "£575". 10

Amendment of section 174 of Income Tax Act,

- 3.—Subsection (1) of section 174 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended-
 - (a) by the insertion after "required" of "by an inspector",
 - (b) by the substitution of "the inspector is" for "the Revenue Commissioners are' 15
 - (c) by the substitution of "the inspector may" for "the Revenue Commissioners may", and
 - (d) by the substitution in paragraphs (a) and (b) of "the inspector" for "an inspector",

and the said subsection (1), as so amended, is set out in the Table 20 to this section.

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- (1) Where a person who has been duly required by an inspector to deliver a statement of the profits or gains arising to him from any trade or profession fails to deliver the state- 25 ment, or where the inspector is not satisfied with the statement delivered by any such person, the inspector may serve on that person a notice in writing or notices in writing requiring him to do any of the following things, that is to say-
 - (a) to deliver to the inspector copies of such accounts 30 (including balance sheets) relating to the trade or profession as may be specified or described in the notice within such period as may be therein specified, including, where the accounts have been audited, a copy of the auditor's certificate;
 - (b) to make available, within such time as may be specified in the notice, for inspection by the inspector or by any officer authorised by the Revenue Commissioners, all such books, accounts and documents in his possession or power as may be specified or described in the notice, 40 being books, accounts and documents which contain information as to transactions of the trade or profession.

Amendment of section 197 of Income Tax Act,

- 4.—Section 197 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended by the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1A) Where an application is made under subsection (1), that subsection shall have effect not only for the year of assessment for which it was made but also for each subsequent year of assessment:

Provided that, in relation to a subsequent year of assessment, 50 the applicant may, by notice in writing given to the inspector before the 6th day of July in that year of assessment, withdraw the application and thereupon subsection (1) shall not have effect for the year of assessment in relation to which the notice was given or any subsequent year of assessment.".

5.—Section 316 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended, Amendment of in relation to any claim for relief under the said section 316 made on Section 316 of Income Tax Act, or after the 30th day of March, 1976, by the insertion in subsection 1967. (2) after "1969" of "or section 30 (2), 31 (2) or 50 (4) of the Finance 5 Act, 1974", and the said subsection, as so amended, is set out in the Table to this section.

TABLE

- (2) This section shall not apply to any sum assessed under section 434 by virtue of Chapter II of Part XII or section 10 221 (2) (b), 288, 363, or 435 or section 25 (1) of the Finance Act, 1969 or section 30 (2), 31 (2) or 50 (4) of the Finance Act, 1974.
- 6.—(1) Section 477 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby Amendment of 15 amended by the substitution, for subsections (1) and (2), of the following subsections:

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section 477 of Income Tax Act, 1967 and section 20 of Finance Act,

- "(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, tax contained 1971. in an assessment for any year shall be payable on or before the 1st day of July in that year, except that tax included in an assessment for any year which is made on or after the 1st day of July shall be deemed to be due and payable on the day next after the day on which the assessment is made.
 - (2) The following tax charged for any year, that is to say-
 - (a) tax charged under Schedule D on any individual in respect of the profits or gains of any trade or profession,
 - (b) subject to the provisions of section 126, tax charged on any individual in respect of any office or employ-
- 30 shall, instead of being payable on or before the 1st day of July in that year or on such other date as is specified in subsection (1), be payable in two equal instalments, the first instalment on or before the 1st day of July in that year or on such other day as aforesaid and the second instalment on or before the follow-35 ing 1st day of January, and the provisions of this Act as to the recovery of tax shall apply to each instalment of the tax, in the same manner as they apply to the whole amount of the tax:
- Provided that where the assessment is not made until after the said following 1st day of January, this subsection shall not 40 have effect and the tax shall be due and payable as provided in subsection (1).
 - (2A) This section shall have effect, as respects any assessment for the year 1976-77, as if-
 - (a) references to the 1st day of July were construed as references to the 1st day of October, and
 - (b) references to the 1st day of January were construed as references to the 1st day of April.".
 - (2) Section 20 (2) of the Finance Act, 1971, shall have effect as if— 1971, No. 23.
- (a) in relation to any assessment for the year 1976-77, 50 'October" were substituted for "January'
 - (b) in relation to any assessment for the year 1977-78 or any subsequent year of assessment, "July" were substituted for "January".

Amendment of section 497 of Income Tax Act, 1967. 7.—Section 497 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended by the insertion of the following additional proviso:

"Provided also that, in relation to repayments of tax made on or after the 30th day of March, 1976, the amount of tax to be repaid under this section to any person for any 5 year shall not exceed a sum equal to the difference between the amount of tax paid by him, whether by deduction or otherwise, in respect of his income for that year and the amount of tax which would be payable by him for that year if his total income had been charged to tax in accordance with the provisions of this Act."

Amendment of section 525 of Income Tax Act, 1967. 8.—Section 525 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended by the substitution for "as received by him after deduction of tax" of "as if it were a sum received by him after deduction of tax at the standard rate".

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Amendment of section 1 of Finance (No. 2) Act, 1975. 1975, No. 19. 9.—Subsections (1), (2) and (3) of section 1 of the Finance (No. 2) Act, 1975, are hereby amended by the substitution of "1976-77" for "1975-76" in each place where it occurs.

Personal reliefs.

10.—(1) Where a deduction falls to be made from the total income of an individual for the year 1976-77 or any subsequent year 20 of assessment in respect of relief to which the individual is entitled under a provision mentioned in column (1) of the Table to this subsection and the amount of the deduction would, but for this section, be an amount specified in column (2) of the said Table, the amount of the deduction shall, in lieu of being the amount specified in the 25 said column (2), be the amount specified in column (3) of the said Table opposite the mention of the amount in the said column (2).

TABLE

Statutory provision (1)	Amount to be deducted from total income for 1975-76	Amount to be deducted from total income for 1976-77 and subsequent years (3)
Income Tax Act, 1967: section 138 (married man) (single person) (widowed person)	920 575 635	£ 1,010 620 685
section 141 (child)	230	240

1974, No. 27.

- (2) Section 6 of the Finance Act, 1974, shall have effect subject to the provisions of this section.
- (3) Part I of the First Schedule shall have effect for the purpose 30 of supplementing subsection (I).

Returns by married women.

- 11.—(1) Where an individual is required by notice, given under section 169 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, to deliver a statement in writing of the total income in respect of which he is chargeable to tax and that income is or includes income of his wife, he may, within 35 twenty-one days from the date of the receipt of the notice, notify the inspector by whom the notice was given that the income in respect of which he is chargeable to tax is or includes income of his wife.
- (2) Where an inspector receives a notification under subsection (1) or where he is of opinion that the wife of the individual concerned 40 is in receipt of income, he may, by notice given to the wife, require her to prepare and deliver to him, within the time limited by the notice and in the form required by the notice, a statement in writing,

signed by her, setting out the amount of income arising to her from each and every source chargeable according to the respective schedules, estimated for the period specified in the notice and according to the provisions of the Income Tax Acts, whether or not she 5 or her husband is the person chargeable to tax in respect of that income.

- (3) The delivery of a statement under subsection (2) shall not affect the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967.
- (4) Schedule 15 to the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended 10 by the insertion in column 2 thereof of "Finance Act, 1976, section 11".
 - (5) Section 169 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended—
 - (a) by the substitution in subsection (1) of "within the time limited by such notice" for "within the period limited by such notice", and
 - (b) by the insertion in paragraph (b) of that subsection of "specified in the notice" after "period",

and the said subsection (1), as so amended, is set out in the Table to this section.

20 TABLE

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- (1) Every person chargeable under this Act, when required to do so by a notice given to him by an inspector shall, within the time limited by such notice, prepare and deliver to the inspector, a statement in writing as required by this Act, signed by him, containing—
 - (b) the amount of the profits or gains arising to him, from each and every source chargeable according to the respective schedules, estimated for the period specified in the notice and according to the provisions of this Act.

30 12.—(1) In this section—

"accounting period", in relation to a person, means a period of one year ending on the date to which the accounts of the person are values. usually made up:

Relief for unincorporated bodies in respect of increase in stock values.

- Provided that where accounts have not been made up or where 35 accounts have been made up for a greater or lesser period than one year, the accounting period shall be such period not exceeding one year as the Revenue Commissioners may determine;
 - "person" means a person who is resident in the State and not resident elsewhere but does not include a body corporate.
- 40 (2) (a) The provisions of section 31 of and the Third Schedule to the Finance Act, 1975, other than the excepted provisions, shall with any necessary modifications apply in the case of a company.
- (b) In this subsection "the excepted provisions" means the following provisions of the Finance Act, 1975—
 - (i) the definition of "accounting period" in section 31 (1),
 - (ii) subsections (4) (a) (iii), (5) and (6) of the said section 31, and
- 50 (iii) paragraph 3 of the Third Schedule.
 - (3) Any deduction allowed by virtue of this section in computing a person's trading profits for an accounting period shall not have effect for any purpose of the Income Tax Acts for any year of assessment prior to the year 1974-75 or later than the year 1976-77.

(4) The provisions of subsections (1), (2) and (3) shall apply to a trade carried on by a partnership as they apply to a trade carried on by a person.

Surcharge on certain income of trustees.

13.—(1) This section applies to income arising to trustees in any year of assessment so far as it—

(a) is income which is to be accumulated or which is payable at the discretion of the trustees or any other person, whether or not the trustees have power to accumulate it;

(b) is neither, before being distributed, the income of any person other than the trustees nor treated for any of the purposes 10 of the Income Tax Acts as the income of a settlor;

(c) is not income arising under a trust established for charitable purposes only or income from investments, deposits or other property held for the purposes of a fund or scheme established for the sole purpose of providing relevant 15 benefits within the meaning of section 13 of the Finance Act, 1972;

1972, No. 19.

- (d) exceeds the income applied in defraying the expenses of the trustees in that year which are properly chargeable to income, or would be so chargeable but for any express 20 provisions of the trust; and
- (e) is not distributed to one or more persons within that year of assessment or within eighteen months after the end of that year of assessment in such circumstances that the income distributed falls to be treated for the purposes 25 of the Income Tax Acts as the income of the person or persons to whom it is distributed.
 - (2) (a) Income to which this section applies shall, in addition to being chargeable to income tax at the standard rate for the year of assessment for which it is so chargeable, be 30 charged for that year to an additional duty of income tax (hereinafter referred to as "a surcharge") at the rate of 20 per cent.
 - (b) Subject to subsection (3), the provisions of the Income Tax Acts shall apply in relation to a surcharge made under 35 this section as they apply to income tax charged otherwise than by virtue of this section.
- (3) Where income in respect of which a surcharge is made is distributed, no relief from or repayment in respect of the surcharge shall be allowed or made to the person to whom the income is 40 distributed.
- (4) (a) In this section "trustees" does not include personal representatives within the meaning of section 450 (2) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, but where personal representatives within the meaning of that section, on or before the completion of the administration of the estate of a deceased person, pay to trustees any sum representing income which, if the personal representatives were trustees within the meaning of this section, would be income to which this section applies, that sum shall be deemed to be paid 50 to the trustees as income and to have borne income tax at the standard rate.
- (b) This subsection shall be construed together with Part XXIX of the Income Tax Act, 1967.
- (5) A notice given to trustees under any of the provisions specified 55 in column 1 or 2 of Schedule 15 to the Income Tax Act, 1967, may require that a return of the income arising to them is to include particulars of the manner in which the income has been applied, including particulars as to the exercise by them of any discretion and of the persons in whose favour it has been so exercised.

14.—The following section is hereby substituted for section 11 of Priority in the Finance Act, 1968:

"11.—For the purposes of section 132 of the Income Tax Act, certain sums. 1967, and section 285 of the Companies Act, 1963, the sums 1968, No. 33. referred to in subsection (2) of the said section 132 and subsection 1963, No. 33. (2) (a) (iii) of the said section 285 shall be deemed to include-

liquidation of

- (a) amounts of tax recoverable under section 7 and amounts of tax recoverable under section 8, and
- (b) amounts of tax deducted under section 17 (2) of the Finance Act, 1970, and amounts of tax recoverable under 1970, No. 14. Regulation 12 of the Income Tax (Construction Contracts) Regulations, 1971,

S.I. No. 1 of 1971.

which relate to a period or periods falling in whole or in part within the period of 12 months referred to in the said subsection (2) or the said subsection (2) (a) (iii), as may be appropriate, and, 15 in the case of any such amount for a period falling partly within and partly outside either of the said periods of 12 months, it shall be lawful to apportion the total sum or amount according to the respective lengths of the periods falling within the period of 12 months and outside the period of 12 months in order to arrive at the amount of tax which relates to the said period of 12 months.".

CHAPTER II

Income Tax in Respect of Certain Emoluments

15.—With effect as on and from the 6th day of April, 1976, Extension of Chapter IV of Part V of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall apply to Part V of Income all emoluments assessable to income tax under Schedule E other than Tax Act, 1967. the emoluments specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of section 125 of the said Act.

16.—(1) (a) In this section—

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Transitional provisions.

"capital allowance" has the same meaning as in section 33 of the Finance Act, 1975;

"deduction in respect of contributions" means any deduction allowed by virtue of section 222, 224 or 233 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, or 35 Chapter II of Part I of the Finance Act, 1972;

"deduction in respect of expenses" means a deduction allowed under Rule 3 or Rule 4 of the Rules (hereinafter referred to as the Rules of Schedule E) applicable to Schedule E contained in Schedule 2 to the Income Tax Act, 1967;

- 40 "emoluments" means-
 - (i) in relation to the year 1975-76, emoluments assessable to tax under Schedule E for the year 1975-76 from which tax was deductible under any of the Rules of Schedule E,
- (ii) in relation to each of the relevant years, emoluments assess-45 able to tax under Schedule E for that year from which, but for the provisions of section 15, tax would be deductible under the Rules of Schedule E;

"relevant years" means the three years 1976-77, 1977-78 and 1978-79;

50 "tax" means income tax;

"tax appropriate to the emoluments" means, in relation to any individual, the amount of tax determined by the formula-

$$\frac{A}{A+B} \times C$$

where-

A is the amount of the individual's emoluments (hereinafter referred to as "net emoluments") for a particular year of 55

assessment (including, in the case of a married person, any emoluments of his wife which are deemed to be his income in accordance with the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967) after deducting therefrom the aggregate of-

- (a) so much of each of the following as is to be taken into 5 account in charging the emoluments to tax:
 - (i) any deduction in respect of expenses;
 - (ii) any deduction in respect of contributions; and
 - (iii) any capital allowance;

(b) so much of any loss as is, under the provisions of section 307 (4) (b) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, regarded as a deduction from those emoluments,

B is the aggregate of the individual's income, other than emoluments, for that year of assessment from all sources (including 15 in the case of a married person, any income, other than emoluments, of his wife which is deemed to be his income in accordance with the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967) after deducting from the income from each several source so much of any of the following amounts as is directly referable 20 to that source:

- (i) any deduction in respect of expenses;
- (ii) any deduction in respect of contributions;
- (iii) any capital allowance; and
- (iv) any loss within the meaning of section 89 or 25 Chapter I of Part XIX of the Income Tax Act,

C is the tax payable on the individual's total income for that year before taking account of any relief provided for by this

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- (b) Where, in relation to any individual, the emoluments included in A in the formula in paragraph (a) arise from more than one source the tax appropriate to the emoluments from each source shall be determined separately and shall be an amount which bears the same proportion to the tax appropriate to the emoluments as the net 35 amount of the emoluments from each source bears to A aforesaid.
- (2) (a) Where an individual is in receipt of emoluments for any period consisting of the whole or any part of the relevant years, he shall be entitled, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (4), to relief for that period in an amount (hereinafter referred to as "a 40 remission") equal to one-half of the tax appropriate to the emoluments for the year 1975-76:

Provided that the remission shall not exceed the aggregate of the tax appropriate to the emoluments for the relevant years.

(b) Where the remission is in respect of emoluments arising from 45 more than one source, the remission in respect of the emoluments from each source shall be an amount which bears the same proportion to the remission as the net amount of the emoluments from that source bears to A in the formula in subsection (1) (a):

Provided that the remission in respect of the emoluments from any 50 one source shall not exceed the aggregate of the tax appropriate to the emoluments from that source for the relevant years.

(3) (a) A woman who is in receipt of emoluments for any period consisting of the whole or any part of the relevant years shall be entitled to the remission in respect of tax on emoluments arising to 55 her in the year 1975-76, if any, as an unmarried or widowed woman:

Provided that the aggregate of the remission due in respect of the emoluments arising to her as an unmarried or widowed woman and in respect of emoluments, if any, arising to her which are deemed to be her husband's income in accordance with the provisions of section 60 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall not exceed the aggregate of the tax appropriate to the emoluments arising to her for the relevant

years (including any emoluments deemed to be her husband's emoluments in accordance with the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967).

- (b) The remission due to a married woman in respect of emolu-5 ments arising to her in the year 1975-76 as an unmarried or widowed woman shall be given in priority to any remission due in respect of emoluments, if any, arising to her which are deemed to be her husband's income in accordance with the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967.
- 10 (c) Subject to the provisions of subsections (2) and (4), a widow shall be entitled to the remission, in whole or in part, in respect of any emoluments arising to her which were deemed to be her husband's income in accordance with section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, to which her husband would have been entitled if he had 15 not died.
- (4) The remission granted by virtue of the provisions of this section shall be allowed as to one-third of the amount thereof in each of the consecutive relevant years, commencing with the first, subject to the Revenue Commissioners being satisfied that tax 20 appropriate to the emoluments arising in each of the said years amounting to not less than the said one-third of the remission has been paid by deduction or otherwise:

Provided that where one-third of the remission exceeds the tax appropriate to the emoluments for any of the said years the excess 25 may be allowed as far as possible against tax payable for any one or more of the other relevant years after deducting that part of the remission allowable for that year by virtue of the provisions of this section.

- (5) Where any person receives, for any period consisting of the 30 whole or any part of the relevant years, a pension or other superannuation allowance (hereinafter referred to as "a pension") in respect of services for which an individual who has died was in receipt of emoluments for the year 1975-76, that person shall be entitled to any remission or any balance of any remission to which 35 the individual, if he had not died and had been in receipt of emoluments for the whole or any part of the relevant years, would have been entitled in respect of emoluments other than emoluments of a wife deemed to be her husband's emoluments in accordance with the provisions of section 192 of the Income Tax Act, 1918:
- Provided that the aggregate of the remission to which that person is entitled by virtue of this subsection and of any remission to which he is entitled by virtue of subsection (2) in respect of the said pension shall not exceed the tax appropriate to the pension for the relevant years.
- 45 (6) All such adjustments or repayments of tax shall be made as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of this section.
 - (7) Section 193 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended by the insertion after paragraph (d) in subsection (2) of the following paragraph:
- 50 "(dd) so far as it flows from relief under section 16 of the Finance Act, 1976, in proportion to the net emoluments included in A in the formula in subsection (1) (a) of that section."

17.—(1) In this section—

- 55 "accounting period", in relation to a trade or profession, means a period of 12 months ending on the date up to which the accounts of the trade or profession are usually made up, and where accounts of the trade or profession have not been made up, such period not exceeding 12 months as the Revenue Commissioners may determine;
- 60 "date of cessation", in relation to an office or employment, means the date on which a person ceases to hold the office or employment;

Treatment for tax purposes of certain unpaid remuneration. "date of commencement", in relation to an office or employment, means the date on which a person commences to hold the office or employment;

"period of account", in relation to a trade or profession, means any period, other than an accounting period, for which the accounts of 5 the trade or profession have been made up;

"period of accrual", in relation to remuneration in respect of an office or employment in a trade or profession, means the period beginning on—

- (a) the first day of an accounting period, or period of account, 10 of the trade or profession, or
- (b) the date of commencement of the office or employment, whichever is the later, and ending on—
 - (c) the last day of an accounting period, or period of account, or
- (d) the date of cessation of the office or employment, 15 whichever is the earlier;

"relevant date" means-

- (a) in relation to an accounting period, the last day of the period,
- (b) in relation to a period of account—
 - (i) where the period of account is less than 12 months, 20 the last day of the period;
 - (ii) where the period of account is more than 12 months, each 5th day of April within the period and the last day of the period;

"remuneration" includes all salaries, fees, wages, perquisites or 25 profits whatsoever from an office or employment.

- (2) Where remuneration (hereinafter referred to as "remuneration to which this section applies") which is deductible as an expense in computing the profits or income of a trade or profession for an accounting period or period of account for the purposes of 30 Schedule D is unpaid at a relevant date—
 - (a) the remuneration shall be deemed to be emoluments to which Chapter IV of Part V of the Income Tax Act, 1967, applies and shall be deemed to have been paid in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3), and 35
 - (b) all the provisions of the said Chapter IV and of the regulations made thereunder and of sections 7, 8 and 9 of the Finance Act, 1968, shall, with any necessary modifications, apply to the remuneration as if it had been so paid.
 - (3) (a) Remuneration to which this section applies shall be deemed to have accrued from day to day throughout the period of accrual and there shall be deemed to have been paid on each relevant date so much thereof as accrued up to that date or, if it is earlier, the date of 45 cessation of the office or employment in respect of which the remuneration is payable—
 - (i) where there was no preceding relevant date, from the beginning of the period of accrual or, if it is later, the date of commencement of the office or employment in respect of which the remuneration is payable, and
 - (ii) where there was a preceding relevant date, from the day following that date or, if it is later, the said date of commencement.
 - (b) Where by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (a) remuneration would be deemed to have been paid on a date earlier than the 5th day of April, 1976, the said remuneration shall be deemed to have been paid on the 5th day of April, 1976.

- (4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
 - (a) emoluments to which section 125 (c) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, applies; or
- (b) remuneration paid before the date of expiry of six months after the date on which the remuneration is deemed to have been paid or the date of expiry of eighteen months from the first day of a period of account of more than 12 months if that date is later than the date of expiry of six months after the date on which the remuneration is deemed to have been paid.

CHAPTER III

Taxation of Farming Profits

18.—(1) Section 21 of the Finance Act, 1974, shall have effect in Amendment of relation to the year 1976-77 as if for "1975-76", in subsection (1), section 21 of Finance Act, 1974. 15 there were substituted "1976-77".

- (2) The said section 21 of the Finance Act, 1974, is hereby amended with effect as on and from the 6th day of April, 1975, by the substitution, for subsection (4), of the following subsections-
- "(4) In computing and charging, in accordance with the provisions of this section, profits or gains from farming farm 20 land-
 - (a) no deduction shall be allowed other than the deductions specified in subsections (2) and (3), and
 - (b) the aggregate amount of the deductions to be allowed shall not exceed 40 times the rateable valuation of that farm
 - (4A) Section 318 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall not apply in any case in which an individual elects as provided for in subsection (1).".
- 19.—(1) Section 15 (3) of the Finance Act, 1974, shall not have Farm land occupied effect for a year of assessment in the case of an individual or his wife if the individual or his wife at any time in that year of assessment occupies, either solely or in partnership with any other person or persons, farm land being farm land of which neither he nor 35 his wife is the beneficial owner but which-

by certain persons.

- (a) is owned (whether beneficially or otherwise) by a person connected with him, or
- (b) is land in respect of which-
 - (i) no payment by way of rent or otherwise is made by him or by his wife for the occupation thereof, or
 - (ii) a payment is made by him or by his wife which, having regard to values prevailing at the time, is less than the payment which could have been obtained in respect of that land on the basis that the negotiations for the payment had been at arm's length:

Provided that this section shall not apply in any case where the farm land is owned by an individual or his wife, if the individual or his wife is an individual to whom section 15 (3) of the Finance Act, 50 1974, applies for the said year of assessment.

(2) For the purposes of this section a person shall be regarded as connected with an individual if he would be so regarded for the purposes of section 16 of the Finance (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1968.

1968, No. 7.

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CHAPTER IV

Payments to Sub-Contractors in the Construction Industry

20.—In relation to any payment made on or after the 1st day of Payments to sub-March, 1976, and before the 6th day of December, 1976, section 17 of the Finance Act, 1970, shall have effect as if-

before 6th December. 1976.

- (a) in subsection (2) for "such payment" there were substituted "such payment, unless the sub-contractor produces to him a certificate, issued by the Revenue Commissioners under subsection (7), having affixed to it a seal which bears the words 'Authenticated by Inspector of Taxes' and is 5 authenticated after the 28th day of January, 1976, by the signature of an inspector of taxes", and
- (b) in subsection (7) for the words from "on production thereof" to the end of the subsection there were substituted "if it is produced by him to a principal and has affixed to it a 10 seal that complies with subsection (2), entitle him to receive without deduction of tax any payment which is made to him by the principal."

Payments to subcontractors on or after 6th December, 1976.

- 21.—In relation to any payment made on or after the 6th day of December, 1976, section 17 of the Finance Act, 1970, is hereby 15 amended—
 - (a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) In this section-
 - 'certificate of authorisation' means a certificate issued 20 under subsection (7);
 - 'construction contract' means a contract (not being a contract of employment) whereby a person (in this section referred to as 'the contractor') is liable to another person (in this section referred to as 'the 25 principal')—
 - (a) to carry out construction operations; or
 - (b) to be answerable for the carrying out of such operations by others, whether under a contract with him or under other arrangements made or 30 to be made by him; or
 - (c) to furnish his own labour, or the labour of others, in the carrying out of such operations;
 - 'construction operations' means operations of any of the following descriptions—
 - (a) the construction, alteration, repair, extension, demolition or dismantling of buildings or structures;
 - (b) the construction, alteration, repair, extension or demolition of any works forming, or to form, 40 part of the land, including walls, road-works, power-lines, aircraft runways, docks and harbours, railways, inland waterways, pipelines, reservoirs, water-mains, wells, sewers, industrial plant and installations for purposes of land 45 drainage;
 - (c) the installation in any building or structure of systems of heating, lighting, air-conditioning, sound-proofing, ventilation, power supply, drainage, sanitation, water supply, burglar or fire 50 protection;
 - (d) the external cleaning of buildings (other than cleaning of any part of a building in the course of normal maintenance); the internal cleaning of buildings and structures, so far as carried out in 55 the course of their construction, alteration, extension, repair or restoration;

(e) operations which form an integral part of, or are preparatory to, or are for rendering complete such operations as are described above, including site clearance, earth-moving, excavation, tunnelling and boring, laying of foundations, erection 5 of scaffolding, site restoration, landscaping and the provision of roadways and other access works; (f) operations which form an integral part of, or are preparatory to, or are for rendering complete, 10 the drilling for or extraction of minerals, oil, natural gas or the exploration or exploitation of natural resources; (g) the haulage for hire of materials, machinery or plant for use, whether used or not, in any of 15 the aforesaid construction operations; 'construction payments card' has assigned to it by subsection (7A); 'construction tax deduction card' has the meaning 20 assigned to it by subsection (5); 'proprietary director' and 'proprietary employee' have the meanings assigned to them by section 226 of the Income Tax Act, 1967; 'qualifying period' means the period of three years, or such shorter period as the inspector may allow, 25 ending on the 5th day of April in the year preceding the year of assessment in respect of which a certificate of authorisation is sought."; (b) by the deletion, in subsection (2), of paragraph (aa) (inserted by the Finance Act, 1971); 30 (c) by the substitution for paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of the following paragraphs: "(b) a person carrying on a business which includes the erection of buildings, or (c) a local authority, a public utility society within the 35 meaning of section 2 of the Housing Act, 1966, or 1966, No. 21. a body referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii) of section 12 (2) (a) or in section 19 or 45 of that Act, or (d) a Minister of State, or (e) any board established by or under statute, or 40 (f) a person who carries on any gas, water, electricity, hydraulic power, dock, canal or railway undertaking,"; (d) by the substitution for paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of the following paragraph-45 "(c) for repayments in cases where the total of the tax deducted from payments received by a sub-contractor and not repaid to him exceeds the aggregate of-(i) the amount of tax for which he is liable, and (ii) any amount which he is liable to remit-50 (A) under the Value-Added Tax Act, 1972, 1972, No. 22. (B) under Chapter IV of Part V of the Income Tax Act, 1967, and (C) in respect of pay-related contributions under the Social Welfare (Pay-Related Benefit) 55 Act, 1973."; 1973, No. 2. (e) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following

subsection:

- "(5) The Revenue Commissioners shall make regulations with respect to the assessment (including estimated assessment), charge, collection and recovery of tax deductible under subsection (2) and the regulations may, in relation to such tax, include any matters which 5 might be included in regulations under section 127 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, in relation to tax deductible under Chapter IV of Part V of the said Act and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, regulations under this subsection may include provision 10 for—
 - (a) the issue, recall or cancellation of certificates of authorisation and the surrender of the certificates:
 - (b) the keeping by principals of such records as may 15 be specified in the regulations, the keeping by principals of construction payment cards and the entry thereon of such particulars as may be specified in the regulations, the keeping by principals of cards (in this section referred to 20 as 'construction tax deduction cards') in such form as may be prescribed by the regulations and containing particulars of any deductions under subsection (2) and the entry thereon of such other particulars as may be specified in the 25 regulations, the making to the Revenue Commissioners of such returns relating to payments made by principals as may be specified in the regulations and the inspection of the said records (including the said cards);
 - (c) the keeping by sub-contractors of such records as may be specified in the regulations containing particulars of payments received by them, and the inspection of the said records;
 - (d) the completion by principals of certificates of 35 tax deducted from payments made to sub-contractors;
- (e) the sending to sub-contractors, in cases where tax was deducted under subsection (2) from payments made to them, of statements containing particulars of their liability (if any) to tax for a year of assessment.";
- (f) by the substitution for subsection (6B) (inserted by the Finance Act, 1971) of the following subsection:
 - "(6B) Subsection (6A) shall apply to tax recoverable 45 from a person by virtue of a notice under Regulation 12 (1) of the Income Tax (Construction Contracts) Regulations, 1971, as if the tax were tax which the person was liable under the said Regulations to remit for the last income tax month (within the meaning of 50 the said Regulations) of the year, or, as appropriate, of the months ending in the accounting period, to which the notice relates.";
- (g) by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsections:
 - "(7) (a) The Revenue Commissioners shall, on application to them in that behalf by a person, issue to the person a certificate (referred to in this section as 'a certificate of authorisation') if they are satisfied—

- (i) that the person is or is about to become a sub-contractor engaged in the business of carrying out construction contracts,
- (ii) that the business is or will be carried on from a fixed place of business established in a permanent building and has or will have such equipment, stock and other facilities as, in the opinion of the Revenue Commissioners, are required for the purposes of the business,
- (iii) that, in connection with the business, records to which section 6 (2) of the Finance Act, 1968, refers are being or will be kept, and any other records normally kept in connection with such a business are being or will be kept and are being or will be kept properly and accurately,

(iv) that-

- (A) the person, any partnership in which he is or was a partner and any company (within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1963) of which he is or was a proprietary director or proprietary employee,
- (B) in a case where the person is a partnership, each partner, and
- (C) in a case where the person is a company, each director of the company and any person who is either the beneficial owner of, or able, directly or indirectly to control more than 15 per cent. of the ordinary share capital of the company,

has throughout the qualifying period complied with all the obligations imposed on him by the Income Tax Acts, or the Acts relating to corporation profits tax in relation to—

- (I) the payment or remittance of the taxes required to be paid or remitted under those Acts,
- (II) the delivery of returns, and
- (III) requests to supply to an inspector accounts of, or other information about, any business carried on by the said individual, partnership or company, as the case may be,
- (v) that there is good reason to expect that the said person, partnership or company will comply with the obligations referred to in subparagraph (iii) in relation to periods ending after the date of termination of the qualifying period.
- (b) A person in respect of whom the Revenue Commissioners are not satisfied in relation to any one or more of the matters specified in subparagraphs (i) to (iv) of paragraph (a) shall nevertheless, for the purposes of the issue of a certificate of authorisation, be treated as a person in respect of whom they are so satisfied if

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the Revenue Commissioners are of the opinion that, in all the circumstances, their failure ought to be disregarded for those purposes.

(c) In this subsection 'the Acts relating to corporation profits tax' means Part V of the Finance 5 Act, 1920, and the enactments amending or extending that Part.

1920, c. 18.

- (7A) (a) Where a sub-contractor to whom a certificate of authorisation has been issued, produces it to a principal, the principal shall apply to the 10 Revenue Commissioners for a card (in this section referred to as 'a construction payments card') in respect of the sub-contractor.
- (b) If, on such application, the Revenue Commissioners are satisfied that a construction payments card in respect of the sub-contractor aforesaid ought to be issued, to the principal aforesaid, they shall issue such a card to such principal who, upon receiving the card, shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (7B), 20 be entitled during the income tax year (or the unexpired portion thereof) to which the sub-contractor's certificate of authorisation relates to make payments to the sub-contractor named in the card without deduction of tax. 25
 - (7B) (a) Where it appears to the Revenue Commissioners that—
 - (i) a certificate of authorisation was issued on the basis of false or misleading information, 30
 - (ii) a certificate of authorisation would not have been issued if information, obtained subsequent to its issue, had been available at the date of its issue,
 - (iii) a person to whom a certificate of author- 35 isation was issued has permitted it to be misused.
 - (iv) a person to whom a certificate of authorisation was issued has failed to comply with any of the obligations imposed on 40 him by the Income Tax Acts or by any regulations made thereunder, or
 - (v) the business of carrying out construction contracts in relation to which the certificate of authorisation was issued has 45 ceased to be carried on by the person to whom the certificate was issued,

they may, at any time, cancel the certificate and give notice in writing to that effect to any principal.

- (b) Where a principal receives a notice under paragraph (a), he shall—
 - (i) deduct tax, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), from any payments made to the person to whom the 55 notice relates on or after the date of receipt of the notice, and

construction payments cards issued to him in relation to the person aforesaid and any construction tax deduction card 5 kept by him in relation to such person. (c) The Revenue Commissioners shall advise a person in relation to whom a notice under paragraph (a) was issued of the issue of such notice and shall require him to return to them 10 forthwith the certificate of authorisation issued to him.": (h) by the substitution for subsection (8) of the following subsection: "(8) (a) Where any person— 15 (i) for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of authorisation makes any false statement or furnishes any document which is false in a material particular, (ii) disposes of a certificate of authorisation 20 otherwise than by the return of the said certificate to the Revenue Commissioners, (iii) fails to return a certificate of authorisation to the Revenue Commissioners when required to do so pursuant to subsection (7B) (c), 25 (iv) is in possession of a certificate of authorisation that was not issued to him by the Revenue Commissioners, or (v) produces to a principal a certificate of authorisation after he has been advised by 30 the Revenue Commissioners of the issue of a notice under subsection (7B) (c), he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of £500 or, at the discretion of the court, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to both the fine and the imprisonment. (b) Any person who aids, abets, counsels or procures-(i) the obtaining of a certificate of authorisation by means of a false statement, (ii) the use by any person, other than the person to whom it was issued by the Revenue Commissioners, of a certificate of authorisation, or 45 (iii) the production to a principal of a document that is not a certificate of authorisation but purports to be such a certificate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of £500 or, at the discretion of the court, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to both the fine and the imprisonment.

(ii) return to the Revenue Commissioners any

(c) Any person-

- entered thereon by virtue of this section and any regulations made thereunder,
- (ii) who fails to return to the Revenue Commissioners the said construction payments card or construction tax deduction card 5 pursuant to subsection (7B) (b),
- (iii) who returns to the Revenue Commissioners any such card on which are entered particulars which are incorrect in any material particular, or

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- (iv) who fails to comply with any provision of regulations made under this section requiring him to keep or produce any records or documents,
- shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable 15 on summary conviction to a fine of £500.".

CHAPTER V

Benefits in kind.

Extension of charge to tax under section 52 of Income Tax Act, 1967.

- 22.—(1) Where a person (in this section referred to as "the employee") holds an office or employment and—
 - (a) the profits or gains arising to him from that office or employment are, by virtue of section 52 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, chargeable to tax under Case III of Schedule D, and
 - (b) he receives a sum in respect of expenses or derives a benefit, 25 being a sum or benefit to which this section applies,

the profits or gains from that office or employment assessable to tax shall include the specified amount and shall be charged to tax accordingly.

- (2) This section applies to any sum received or benefit derived 30 by the employee in respect of which there would be a charge to tax by virtue of Chapter III of Part V of the Income Tax Act, 1967, if the office or employment held by him were one the profits or gains from which were chargeable to tax under Schedule E.
- (3) The specified amount referred to in subsection (1) is the 35 amount which would by virtue of the said Chapter III be chargeable to tax in respect of the sum or benefit to which this section applies if the profits or gains from the office or employment referred to in that subsection were chargeable to tax under Schedule E.

Benefit in kind: minimum charge to tax in respect of use of vehicle.

1973, No. 19.

- 23.—Where, by virtue of section 117 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, 40 a charge to tax falls to be made on any person in respect of the benefit derived by him from the provision of a vehicle within the meaning of section 30 of the Finance Act, 1973, the amount to be charged to tax in respect of that benefit shall not, for the year 1976-77 or any subsequent year of assessment, be less than the 45 greater of the following two amounts—
 - (a) £300, or
 - (b) 15 per cent. of the relevant cost of the vehicle within the meaning of section 31:

Provided that the amounts specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall, in a case where the vehicle is provided for part only of a year of assessment, be reduced in the proportion which that part of the year bears to the said year.

CHAPTER VI

Income tax, sur-tax, corporation profits tax and capital gains tax

24.—Sections 31 and 37 of the Finance Act, 1973, are hereby Amendment of sections 31 and 37 of amended-

Finance Act, 1973.

- (a) by the substitution of "to which this section applies" for-
- (i) "set forth in the Second Schedule" in the said section 31, and
 - (ii) "set forth in the Second Schedule to this Act" in the said section 37;
 - (b) by the substitution of "1976" for "1975"; and
- (c) by the addition thereto of the following subsection— 15

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"(2) This section applies to the Agreement, set forth in the Second Schedule, as extended by the Agreement set forth in the Schedule to the Double Taxation Relief S.I. No. 143 of (Taxes on Income) (United Kingdom) Order, 1975.", 1975.

20 and the said sections 31 and 37, as so amended, are set out in the Table to this section.

TABLE

- 31.—(1) Subject to the provisions of sections 76 and 77 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, as modified by Part III of Schedule 6 25 to that Act, where income tax is chargeable under Case III of Schedule D in respect of income which is a dividend, within the meaning of Article 1 of the Agreement to which this section applies being a dividend paid on or after the 6th day of April, 1973, and not later than the 5th day of April, 1976, the income so chargeable to income tax shall include the amount of the 30 tax credit for the payment of which provision is made in the said Article 1.
- (2) This section applies to the Agreement, set forth in the Second Schedule, as extended by the Agreement set forth in the Schedule to the Double Taxation Relief (Taxes on Income) 35 (United Kingdom) Order, 1975.
 - 37.—(1) Where profits chargeable to corporation profits tax under section 52 of the Finance Act, 1920, include a dividend, within the meaning of Article 1 of the Agreement to which this section applies, being a dividend paid on or after the 6th day of April, 1973, and not later than the 5th day of April, 1976, the profits so chargeable shall include the amount of any tax credit appropriate to the dividend for the payment of which provision is made in the said Article 1.
- (2) This section applies to the Agreement, set forth in the Second Schedule, as extended by the Agreement set forth in the Schedule to the Double Taxation Relief (Taxes on Income) (United Kingdom) Order, 1975.

Payments under Employment Premium Act, 1975. 1975, No. 23. 25.—Payments made by the Minister for Labour under the Employment Premium Act, 1975, shall be disregarded for all the purposes of the Income Tax Acts and the enactments relating to corporation profits tax.

Amendment of section 31 of Finance Act, 1975. 26.—(1) Section 31 of the Finance Act, 1975, is hereby 5 amended—

- (a) by the substitution in the definition of "accounting period" in subsection (1) of "1976" for "1975";
- (b) by the substitution in paragraph (iii) of the proviso to subsection (4) (a) of "1976-77" for "1975-76"; and 10
- (c) by the addition thereto of the following subsections:
 - "(7) (i) Where a company has acquired or disposed of trading stock otherwise than in the normal conduct of the trade in question, the company shall be treated, for the purposes of this section and the Third Schedule, as having, at the beginning or end of the relevant accounting period, trading stock of such value as appears to the inspector (or, on appeal, to the Appeal Commissioners) to be reasonable and just having regard to all the circumstances of the case.
 - (ii) Where the value of a company's trading stock at the beginning of an accounting period is not calculated on the basis used for the calculation of the value of the trading stock at the end of that period, the value of the trading stock at the beginning of that period shall, for the purposes of this section and the Third Schedule, be treated as what it would have been if it had been calculated on that basis.
 - (8) In any case where a company is entitled by virtue of this section to a deduction which has effect for a period of account which ends on a date in the period 35 from the 6th day of April, 1975, to the 5th day of April, 1976, or for the year 1976-77, the value of the trading stock at the beginning of the period of account immediately following the period of account in relation to the end of which the company's closing stock value is determined shall, for all the purposes of the Income Tax Acts and of the enactments relating to corporation profits tax, other than this section, be treated as reduced by the amount of the said deduction."

and the said definition and the said paragraph (iii), as so amended, 45 are set out in the Table to this section.

TABLE

"accounting period", in relation to a company, means an accounting period determined in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the Finance Act, 1920, which ends on a date in the period from the 6th day of April, 1973, to the 5th day of April, 1976;

(iii) any deduction allowed under the provisions of this section in computing a company's trading profits for an accounting period shall not have effect for any purpose of the Income Tax Acts for any year of assessment prior to 1974-75 or later than 1976-77.

27.—(1) In this section—

"approved bank" means any bank approved of for the purposes from corporation of this section by the Minister for Finance;

Exemption of certain intere

- "housing loan" means a loan granted on or after the 1st day of July, 5 1975, by an approved bank, or a subsidiary thereof, to an individual resident in the State for the sole purpose of the purchase by that individual of a dwelling-house in the State for occupation by him as his only or main residence;
- "the approved rate" means the rate of interest approved from 10 time to time by the Minister for Finance for the purposes of this section:
- "subsidiary", in relation to an approved bank, means a company (within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1963) which is, or if every such bank were a company (within the meaning aforesaid) 15 would be, a subsidiary (within the meaning of the said Companies Act, 1963) of any such bank.
- (2) Section 52 of the Finance Act, 1920, shall not apply to interest on housing loans received by an approved bank, or sub-sidiary thereof, where the interest has been charged at the 20 approved rate.

28.—Interest payable under section 18 of the Wealth Tax Act, Interest on unpaid 1975, shall not be allowed in computing any income, profits or wealth tax. losses for any of the purposes of the Income Tax Acts or of any 1975, No. 25, of the enactments relating to corporation profits tax.

29.—(1) In this section—

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"assessment to tax" means an assessment to tax made on or after Appeals against the passing of this Act;

- "determination of the appeal" has the same meaning as in section 550 (2A) (c) of the Income Tax Act, 1967;
- 30 "tax" means income tax, sur-tax, corporation profits tax or capital gains tax, as may be appropriate;
 - "the specified amount of tax" means, in a case where notice of appeal against an assessment to tax has been given-
 - (a) the amount of tax specified in the notice in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), or
 - (b) where no amount of tax is so specified, the amount of tax charged by the assessment or, in a case where the tax is payable in two instalments, the amount of each instalment.
- (2) Whenever an appeal is made against an assessment to tax, the appellant shall, in the notice of appeal, specify-
 - (a) the grounds of the appeal, and
- (b) the amount of tax in the assessment where the tax is payable in two instalments, the amount of each instalment, which, in his opinion, is likely to become pay-45 able on or after the determination of the appeal,

but this subsection shall not preclude the Appeal Commissioners from allowing the appellant, on the hearing of the appeal, to go into any ground of appeal which was not specified in the notice 50 of appeal and the omission of which from such notice was, in the opinion of the Appeal Commissioners, not wilful or unreasonable.

- (3) In any case where notice of appeal has been given against an assessment to tax-
- (a) the specified amount of tax shall, notwithstanding the appeal, be collected, paid and carry interest in all respects as if it were tax charged by an assessment in

respect of which no appeal was pending and section 550 (other than subsection (2A)) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall apply accordingly, and

- (b) on the determination of the appeal, any balance of tax chargeable in accordance with the determination shall be 5 payable, or any tax overpaid shall be repaid.
- (4) Where an overpayment of tax is to be repaid under subsection (3), the overpayment shall carry interest at the rate or rates in force by virtue of section 550 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, for the period from the date or dates of the payment of the 10 amount or amounts giving rise to the overpayment, as the case may require, to the date on which the repayment is made.
- (5) Where the specified amount of tax is paid not later than two months from the date on which it becomes due and payable and that amount is not less than 80 per cent. of the amount of tax 15 found to be chargeable by the assessment on the determination of the appeal, interest shall not be payable on any balance of tax if such balance is paid within two months from the date of the determination:

Provided that in a case where the tax found to be chargeable by 20 the assessment is payable in two instalments, this subsection shall apply in relation to each specified amount of tax as if the reference to the amount of tax found to be chargeable by the assessment on the determination of the appeal, were a reference to the amount of the said tax which is payable in the relevant instalment.

(6) Sections 417 and 419 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall not apply to any assessment to tax.

Increase in limit of capital allowances for vehicles.

- 30.—(1) Sections 25 to 29 of the Finance Act, 1973, shall have effect, in relation to expenditure incurred on the provision or hiring of a vehicle to which those sections apply, as if for "£2,500", in 30 each place where it occurs in those sections, there were substituted "£3,500".
- (2) The reference in subsection (1) to expenditure incurred on the provision or hiring of a vehicle does not include—
 - (a) as respects the said sections 25 to 27, a reference to ex- 35 penditure incurred on or before the 28th day of January, 1976, or incurred within twelve months after that day under a contract entered into before that day, and
 - (b) as respects subsections (2) and (3) of the said section 28 and the said section 29, a reference to expenditure 40 under a contract entered into on or before the said 28th day of January, 1976.

Restriction of deduction in respect of vehicles. 31.—(1) In this section—

"qualifying expenditure" means the amount of expenditure incurred in relation to a vehicle (within the meaning of section 30 of the 45 Finance Act, 1973), being expenditure which, but for the provisions of this section—

- (a) would be allowable as a deduction—
 - (i) in the computation of the profits or gains chargeable to tax under Schedule D of the trade, profession or 50 business in the course of which the vehicle is used, or
 - (ii) in the computation of the profits or gains chargeable to tax under Schedule E from an office or employment in the performance of the duties of which the vehicle is used,

(b) would be taken into account for the purposes of a claim in respect of expenses of management under section 214 of the Income Tax Act, 1967;

"relevant cost", in relation to a vehicle provided for the purposes 5 of a trade, profession, business, office or employment, means-

- (a) in a case where the vehicle is purchased by the person providing it, the actual cost to that person of providing the vehicle, or
- (b) in a case where the vehicle is not purchased by the person providing it, the retail price of the vehicle at the time it was first provided for use by that person.
 - (2) Where, for any year of assessment or accounting period, a deduction is claimed by any person in respect of qualifying expenditure and that expenditure is incurred-
- (a) in respect of a vehicle the relevant cost of which exceeds £3,500, and
 - (b) in respect of a period subsequent to the 28th day of January,

the amount of the deduction to be allowed in respect of that qualify-20 ing expenditure shall be reduced-

- (i) by one-third of the amount by which the relevant cost of the vehicle exceeds £3,500, or
- (ii) where that person so elects, by an amount which bears to the amount of the qualifying expenditure the same proportion as the excess of the relevant cost of the vehicle over £3,500 bears to the relevant cost of the vehicle:

Provided that, in a case where paragraph (i) applies and the period in respect of which the qualifying expenditure is incurred is part only 30 of a year, the amount by which the deduction is to be reduced for that period by virtue of the said paragraph (i), shall be reduced in the proportion which that part of the year bears to a year.

32.—Section 70 (5) of the Finance Act, 1963, and section 220 relief in respect of certain profits of ave ceased, to have effect as on and from the 6th day of April, industrial and (3) of the Income Tax Act, 1967, shall cease, and be deemed to 35 have ceased, to have effect as on and from the 6th day of April, 1976.

provident societies. 1963, No. 23.

Inspection of

1971, No. 24.

33.—(1) In this section—

"an authorised officer" means an inspector or other officer of the records.

Revenue Commissioners authorised by them to exercise the powers conferred by this section: 40 conferred by this section;

- "trade" means any trade or business (other than banking business within the meaning of the Central Bank Act, 1971).
- (2) An authorised officer may at all reasonable times enter any premises or place where any trade is carried on or anything is done 45 in connection with the trade and-
- (a) may require the owner or manager of the premises or place or any person on the premises or in that place who is employed by the person carrying on the trade to produce any books, records, accounts or other documents relating to the trade and may remove and retain 50 any such books, records, accounts or other documents for such period as may be reasonable for their examina-
 - (b) may examine any such books, records, accounts or other documents and may take copies of or extracts from the books, records, accounts or other documents,

- (c) may examine any property listed in any balance sheets, stock sheets or other such statements,
- (d) may require the owner or manager of the premises or place or any person on the premises or in that place, who is employed by the person carrying on the trade, to 5 give to the inspector or authorised officer all reasonable assistance.
- (2) A person shall not wilfully obstruct or delay an authorised officer in the exercise of his powers under this section.
- (3) A person who contravenes subsection (2) or does not comply 10 with a requirement of an authorised officer under this section shall be liable to a penalty of £500.
- (4) When exercising any power conferred on him by this section, an authorised officer shall, if so requested by any person affected, produce to that person a certificate of the Revenue Commissioners stating that he is authorised to exercise the powers so conferred.

PART II

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

Definition (Part II). S.I. No. 307 of 1975. 34.—In this Part "the Order of 1975" means the Imposition of Duties (No. 221) (Excise Duties) Order, 1975.

20

Beer.

- 35.—(1) The duty of excise on beer imposed by Paragraph 7 (1) of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the rate of £60.595 for, in the case of all beer brewed within the State, every 36 gallons of worts of a specific gravity of 1,055 degrees, and, in the case of all 25 imported beer, every 36 gallons of beer of which the worts were before fermentation of a specific gravity of 1,055 degrees in lieu of the rate mentioned in the said Paragraph 7 (1).
- (2) The drawback on beer provided for in Paragraph 7 (3) of the Order of 1975 shall, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, 30 be calculated according to the original specific gravity of the beer at the rate of £60.608 on every 36 gallons of beer of which the original specific gravity was 1,055 degrees in lieu of the rate mentioned in the said Paragraph 7 (3).

Spirits.

- 36.—(1) The duty of excise on spirits imposed by Paragraph 4 35 (2) of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the several rates specified in the Second Schedule to this Act in lieu of the several rates specified in the second column of the First Schedule to the said Order.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall operate to relieve from or to 40 prejudice or affect the additional duty of excise in respect of immature spirits imposed by Paragraph 4 (2) of the Order of 1975 at the several rates specified in the third column of the First Schedule to the said Order.

Tobacco.

37.—The duty of excise on tobacco imposed by Paragraph 10 (2) 45 of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the several rates specified in the *Third Schedule* to this Act in lieu of the several rates specified in the Fourth Schedule to the said Order.

38.—(1) The duty of excise on wine imposed by Paragraph 5 (2) Wine and made of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the several rates specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule to this Act in lieu of the several 5 rates specified in the Second Schedule to the said Order.

- (2) The duty of excise on made wine imposed by Paragraph 6 (2) of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the several rates specified in Part II of the Fourth Schedule to this Act in lieu of the 10 several rates specified in the Third Schedule to the said Order.
- 39.—(1) The duty of excise on mineral hydrocarbon light oil im- Hydrocarbon posed by Paragraph 11 (1) of the Order of 1975 shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, at the rate of £0.4341 per gallon in lieu of the rate set out in the said 15 Paragraph 11 (1).

- (2) (a) Notwithstanding clause (b) or (c) of Paragraph 11 (5) of the Order of 1975, the duty of excise imposed by the said Paragraph 11 shall be charged, levied and paid at the rate of £0.02 per gallon, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, on mineral hydrocarbon light oil to which the said clause (b) or (c) applies.
- (b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (6) of Paragraph 12 of the Order of 1975, the duty of excise imposed by the said Paragraph 12 shall be charged, levied and paid at the rate of £0.02 per gallon, as on and from the 29th day of 25 January, 1976, on hydrocarbon oil to which the said subparagraph (6) applies.

- (3) Paragraph 11 (7) of the Order of 1975 is hereby amended, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, by the substitution for 30 "without payment of duty" of "on payment of a duty of excise at the rate of £0.02 per gallon.".
- (4) Any authorisation issued before the 29th day of January, 1976, under the provisions of Paragraph 11 (7) of the Order of 1975, in relation to the importation or the delivery from the premises of a 35 refiner of hydrocarbon oil or from a bonded warehouse free of the duty imposed by Paragraph 11 (1) of the Order of 1975 of articles chargeable with that duty, shall, so far as it affects articles imported or delivered on or after that date, be deemed to authorise the importation or delivery of such articles on payment of a duty of excise 40 at the rate of £0.02 per gallon.
 - (5) The repayments of excise duty provided for in Paragraphs 11 (10) and 12 (10) of the Order of 1975 shall, where the duty is chargeable and paid after the 28th day of January, 1976, be at the rate of duty paid less an amount of £0.02 per gallon.
- (6) Paragraphs 11 (4) and 12 (2) of the Order of 1975 are hereby amended, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, by the substitution in each case for "imposed by this Paragraph which is shown, to the satisfaction of the Revenue Commissioners, to have been paid" of "shown, to the satisfaction of the Revenue Com-50 missioners, to have been paid by reason of the operation of this Paragraph".
 - (7) Paragraph 12 (1) of the Order of 1975 is hereby amended, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, by the substitution for the proviso thereto of the following proviso:
- " Provided, however, that the said excise duty shall be charged. 55 levied and paid at the rate of £0.02 per gallon, in lieu of the aforementioned rate, on mineral hydrocarbon heavy oil within the meaning of section 7 (6) of the Finance Act, 1933 (No. 15 of 1933), so sent out or imported on or after the 29th day of January, 1976". 60

- (8) The amount of any rebate allowed under Paragraph 12 (3) of the Order of 1975 shall, in respect of any hydrocarbon oil imported or delivered on or after the 29th day of January, 1976, be the amount of excise duty chargeable less an amount calculated at the rate of £0.02 per gallon.
- (9) Subparagraphs (3) and (13) of Paragraph 11 and Paragraph 12 (9) of the Order of 1975 are hereby revoked as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976.

Gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form.

- 40.—(1) In addition to any other duty which may be chargeable, there shall be charged, levied and paid, as on and from the 29th 10 day of January, 1976, a duty of excise on gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form made in the State which are sent out, on or for sale or otherwise, from the premises of the manufacturer thereof or are used by such manufacturer for any purpose other than the manufacture or production of hydrocarbon oil or gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form 15 and on gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form imported into the State and such duty shall be charged—
 - (a) at the rate of £0.02 per gallon until the commencement of section 41 of this Act, and
 - (b) at the rate of £0·10 per gallon thereafter.
- (2) A drawback equal to the amount of the duty imposed by subsection (1) of this section which is shown, to the satisfaction of the Revenue Commissioners, to have been paid in respect of the goods in question, shall be allowed on the exportation from the State or the shipment or deposit in a bonded warehouse for use as ship's stores of any goods chargeable with the said duty.
- (3) Whenever the Minister for Finance so thinks proper, the Revenue Commissioners may, subject to compliance with such conditions as they may think fit to impose, authorise any person to import or take delivery from the premises of a manufacturer 30 of gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form or from a bonded warehouse of any goods liable to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section without payment of that duty.
- (4) Subject to compliance with such conditions as the Revenue Commissioners may think fit to impose, any goods liable to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section may be removed for exportation, or for shipment for use as ship's stores, from the premises of the manufacturer thereof without payment of the said duty.
- (5) The Revenue Commissioners may, if they so think fit, allow 40 any goods which are liable to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (I) of this section to be warehoused without payment of the said duty, and may, if and in so far as they so think proper, remit duty on any deficiency arising in goods so warehoused where they are satisfied that no part of such deficiency was caused by 45 illegal or improper means.
- (6) Where, in the period from the 29th day of January, 1976, to the 29th day of February, 1976, by reason of the operation of the provisions of Paragraphs 11 and 12 of the Order of 1975 or of subsection (1) of this section, an excise duty at the rate of £0.02 per gallon is payable on the importation or delivery of goods, the Revenue Commissioners may, subject to such conditions for securing the payment of the duty as they may think fit to impose, permit payment of the said duty to be deferred to a date not later than the 29th day of February, 1976.
- (7) Paragraph 17 of the Order of 1975 shall, with any necessary modifications, apply, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, in relation to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section as it applies to the duties imposed by that Order.

(8) Section 15 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1972 shall be con- 1972, No. 22. strued, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, until the commencement of section 55 of this Act as if the references to excise duty (inserted by the Order of 1975) included references to the excise 5 duty imposed by subsection (1) of this section.

- (9) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subsection, the provisions of the Customs Acts and of any instrument relating to duties of customs made under statute, and not otherwise applied by this section, shall, with any necessary modifi-10 cations, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, apply in relation to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section on goods imported into the State as they apply in relation to duties of customs.
- (b) Where, in relation to the duty of excise imposed by 15 subsection (1) of this section, there is a provision in this section corresponding to a provision of the Customs Acts or of any instrument relating to duties of customs made under statute, the latter provision shall not apply in relation to that duty of excise.
- 20 (10) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subsection, the provisions of the Statutes which relate to the duties of excise and the management thereof and of any instrument relating to the duties of excise made under statute, and not otherwise applied by this section, shall, with any neces-25 sary modifications apply, as on and from the 29th day of January, 1976, in relation to the duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section on goods produced or manufactured in the State as they apply to duties of excise.
- (b) Where, in relation to the duty of excise imposed by sub-30 section (1) of this section, there is a provision in this section corresponding to a provision of the Statutes which relate to the duties of excise or of any instrument relating to the duties of excise made under statute, the 35 latter provision shall not apply in relation to that duty of excise.
- (11) This section, so far as it relates to the duty of excise on imported goods imposed by subsection (1) of this section, shall be construed together with the Customs Acts and any instrument re-40 lating to the customs made under statute and, so far as it relates to the said duty of excise on goods made in the State, shall be construed together with the Statutes which relate to the duties of excise and the management of those duties and any instrument relating to the duties of excise and the management of those duties 45 made under statute.

(12) The provisions of Regulations 3 to 19 and 21 to 39 of the Hydrocarbon Oil Regulations, 1941, and section 21 (12) of the S.R. & O., No. 490 Finance Act, 1935, shall apply, as on and from the 29th day of of 1941. January, 1976, in relation to the goods liable to the duty of excise 1935, No. 28. 50 imposed by subsection (1) of this section as if they were hydrocarbon oil or hydrocarbon (heavy) oil as the case may be within the meaning, in each case, of Regulation 3 of the said Regulations.

(13) The duty of excise imposed by subsection (1) of this section is hereby placed under the care and management of the Revenue 55 Commissioners.

41.—(1) In this section—

"motor vehicle" has the meaning assigned to it by section 21 (15) to duty on gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form for of the Finance Act, 1935, as amended by section 8 (6) of the motor vehicles. Finance Act, 1942, and section 17 of the Finance Act, 1949;

Provisions relating

1942, No. 14. 1949, No. 13. "motor vehicle gas" means any gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form chargeable with the duty of excise imposed by section 40 of this Act which are intended for use for combustion in the engine of a motor vehicle.

- (2) A rebate of the amount of the duty of excise imposed by section 40 of this Act less an amount calculated at the rate of £0.02 per gallon shall be allowed on gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form on which the said duty of excise has been paid at the rate specified in subsection (1) (b) of that section and which are shown, to the satisfaction of the Revenue Commissioners, not to be motor vehicle 10 gas.
- (3) Where a rebate under subsection (2) of this section is allowed on gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form, the amount of any drawback which may be allowable under section 40 (2) of this Act shall be reduced by the amount of the rebate so allowed.

15

- (4) (a) There shall be charged, levied and paid on a licence granted by the Revenue Commissioners to be taken out annually by every person who sells or delivers on any premises motor vehicle gas chargeable with the duty imposed by section 40 of this Act at the rate specified 20 in subsection (1) (b) of that section, a duty of excise (in this section referred to as the licence duty) of 25 pence, and where any such person so sells or delivers such gas on more than one premises, the licence duty shall be payable and the said licence shall be taken out annually 25 by such person in respect of each of such premises separately.
 - (b) The provisions of any statute and any instrument made under statute applying to licences granted under and to the duty of excise imposed by Paragraph 12 (12) of 30 the Order of 1975 shall, with any necessary modifications, apply in relation to licences granted under and to the duty of excise imposed by this subsection as they apply to licences granted under and the duty imposed by the said Paragraph 12 (12).
- (5) (a) An officer of the Revenue Commissioners or member of the the Garda Síochána may examine and take samples of any gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form kept in any tank or other container connected to the engine of a motor vehicle constructed or adapted to use gaseous 40 hydrocarbons in liquid form for combustion in the engine thereof and may interrogate the owner of the vehicle, the person whose name is most recently entered in relation to the registration of the vehicle pursuant to the Roads Act, 1920, and the person in charge of such 45 vehicle in regard to such gaseous hydrocarbons and may require of those persons proof of payment of the duty of excise imposed by section 40 of this Act at the rate specified in subsection (1) (b) of that section on any such gaseous hydrocarbons and those persons shall give to 50 the officer or member all information required of them that is in their possession or procurement.
 - (b) For the purposes of exercising the powers conferred on him by paragraph (a) of this subsection, an officer of the Revenue Commissioners or a member of the Garda 55 Síochána may, if he has reasonable grounds to suspect that a motor vehicle in respect of which an offence under this section is being committed is kept at any premises, enter and inspect the premises, other than a dwelling, at any time between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on 60

1920, c. 72.

any day, and bring onto the premises any motor vehicle being used by him in the course of his duties.

- (c) If following the interrogation provided for in paragraph
 (a) of this subsection proof of the payment of the duty
 mentioned therein is not produced, an officer of the
 Revenue Commissioners may, if he has reasonable grounds
 to suspect that the duty in question has not been paid,
 seize, as liable to forfeiture, the motor vehicle in which
 the gaseous hydrocarbons are kept.
- 10 (d) When exercising any power conferred by this subsection, an officer of the Revenue Commissioners shall, if so requested by any person affected, produce to him the commission or deputation of the Revenue Commissioners appointing him to be such officer.
- 15 (6) In any proceedings against a person for selling, delivering, using or keeping gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form on which the duty imposed by section 40 of this Act has not been paid, or on which a rebate under subsection (2) of this section has been allowed, for combustion in the engine of a motor vehicle, it shall be presumed, 20 until the contrary is proved, that the duty has not been paid and that the rebate has not been allowed.
 - (7) The Revenue Commissioners may make regulations for giving effect to the provisions of section 40 of this Act and this section and, in particular, for—
- 25 (a) governing the production, sale, delivery, storage and use of gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form,
 - (b) requiring a person who stores, sells or uses gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form to keep in such manner as may be prescribed by them, and to preserve for a specified period, any books, documents, accounts and records relating to the purchase, receipt, sale or disposal by him of such gaseous hydrocarbons and to allow any officer of the Revenue Commissioners to inspect and take copies of such books, documents, accounts and records,
- 35 (c) requiring gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form and containers for such gaseous hydrocarbons to be marked in such manner as they may specify in the regulations,
- (d) requiring information relating to the supply or use of gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form and containers of such gaseous hydrocarbons to be given by producers of and dealers in such gaseous hydrocarbons and by any person who is an owner of, or who is for the time being in charge of, any motor vehicle constructed or adapted to use gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form for combustion in the engine thereof.

(8) No person shall-

- (a) use for combustion in the engine of a motor vehicle or keep in a tank or other container connected to the engine of a motor vehicle any gaseous hydrocarbons in liquid form on which the duty imposed by section 40 of this Act has not been paid or on which a rebate of duty under subsection (2) of this section has been allowed, or
- (b) purchase or receive from a person who is not the holder of a licence under subsection (4) of this section any motor vehicle gas.
 - (9) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of this section or any regulation under this section or who resists, obstructs or impedes an officer of the Revenue Com-

missioners or a member of the Garda Síochána in the exercise of any power conferred on him by this section or any regulation under this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to an excise penalty of £500 and the motor vehicle gas in respect of which the offence was committed shall be forfeited 5 and, in the case of an offence involving a motor vehicle, if it is a second or subsequent offence by the person under this section, the vehicle shall be forfeited.

(10) This section shall come into operation on such day as the Minister for Finance may appoint by order.

10

Amendment of section 139 of Customs Consolidation Act, 1876.

42.—Section 139 of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, is hereby amended by the addition to the section of the following subsection:

1876, c. 36.

"(2) The Revenue Commissioners may by order amend or revoke an order under this section including an order under this 15 subsection.'

Amendment of ection 21 of Finance Act, 1935.

1940, No. 14.

43.—Section 21 of the Finance Act, 1935, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (12) (inserted by the Finance Act, 1940) of "£500 and the oil in respect of which the offence was committed shall be forfeited and, in the case of an offence involv- 20 ing a motor vehicle-

- (i) if it is a second or subsequent offence under the section by the person, or
- (ii) if the vehicle has, in substitution for or in addition to the normal fuel tank or tanks of the vehicle, a tank or other container that is concealed, is connected to the engine of the vehicle and contains hydrocarbon oil (chargeable with either of the duties of excise imposed by Paragraph 12 of the Order of 1975) on which neither of the said duties has been 30 paid or on which a rebate under Paragraph 12 (3) of the said Order has been allowed,

the vehicle shall be forfeited" for "one hundred pounds and, in addition, the oil shall be forfeited" and so much of subsection (12), as so amended, as follows paragraph (e) thereof, is set out in the 35 Table to this section.

TABLE

such person shall be guilty of an offence under this section and shall be liable to a penalty, under the law relating to customs or the law relating to excise (as the case may be), of £500 and 40 the oil in respect of which the offence was committed shall be forfeited and, in the case of an offence involving a motor vehicle-

- (i) if it is a second or subsequent offence under the section 45
- (ii) if the vehicle has, in substitution for or in addition to the normal fuel tank or tanks of the vehicle, a tank or other container that is concealed, is connected to the engine of the vehicle and contains hydrocarbon oil (chargeable with either of the duties of excise im- 50 posed by Paragraph 12 of the Order of 1975) on which

by the person, or

neither of the said duties has been paid or on which a rebate under Paragraph 12 (3) of the said Order has been allowed,

the vehicle shall be forfeited.

44.—Section 34 of the Finance Act, 1963, is hereby amended by Amendment of the substitution, in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) and sub- section 34 of Finance Act, 1963. paragraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subsection (4) and in subsection (5) of "£500" for "one hundred pounds" and the said subparagraphs (i) and (ii) and subsection (5), as so amended, are set out in the 10 Table to this section.

TABLE

- (i) in case treble the estimated value exceeds £500, the offence shall be tried on indictment, and
- (ii) where treble the value so determined exceeds £500, 15 the offence shall be tried on indictment,
 - (5) An offence under any enactment of the Customs Acts, other than an enactment referred to in the foregoing subsections of this section, shall be tried on indictment if the penalty exceeds or may exceed £500.
- 45.—(1) A person who imports an aircraft, ship, boat or other Making of customs vessel liable, on importation, to a duty of customs or a duty of entry and payment excise shall himself, or by his agent, within 7 days of the time of the imported aircraft importation-

- (a) make customs entry thereof by delivering to the proper Officer of Customs and Excise an entry thereof in such form and manner as is directed under section 55 of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, and
 - (b) pay any such duties payable thereon.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) of this section shall 30 be guilty of an offence under the Customs Acts and shall be liable, on conviction to a penalty of £500 and the aircraft, ship, boat or other vessel in relation to which the offence was committed shall be forfeited.
- 46.—The Orders mentioned in the Table to this section are hereby Confirmation of 35 confirmed.

TABLE

Imposition of Duties (No. 218) (Customs S.I. No. 127 of 1975 Duties and Form of Customs Tariff) Order, 1975.

S.I. No. 131 of 1975 Imposition of Duties (No. 219) (Customs Duties and Form of Customs Tariff) Order, 1975.

S.I. No. 307 of 1975 Imposition of Duties (No. 221) (Excise Duties) Order, 1975.

S.I. No. 320 of 1975 Imposition of Duties (No. 222) (Customs Duties and Form of Customs Tariff) Order, 1975.

S.I. No. 324 of 1975 Imposition of Duties (No. 223) (Footwear) Order, 1975.

PART III

STAMP DUTIES

Extension of time for claiming repayment of certain stamp duties. 47.—(1) The Revenue Act, 1898, is hereby amended by the substitution for section 13 of the following section:

"13. In the provisions of sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Stamp 15 Duties Management Act, 1891, which deal with the periods within which applications under those sections must be made '6 years' shall be substituted for 'two years'".

1969, No. 21,

1898, c. 46.

(2) Subsection (5) of section 49 and subsection (4) of section 50 of the Finance Act, 1969, are hereby amended by the substitution 20 of "6 years" for "two years", and the said subsections, as so amended, are set out in the Table to this subsection.

TABLE

- 49. (5) In each such case as is referred to in subsection (4) of this section, the Revenue Commissioners may repay the duty 25 charged on the instrument, provided that the application for exemption and repayment is made within 6 years after the date of the instrument.
- 50. (4) Where there is variation in the amount or value of the consideration for the performance of a contract of a kind 30 referred to in subsection (1) of this section, the following provisions shall have effect:
 - (a) where the amount or value of the consideration is increased, the instrument containing the contract shall, notwithstanding that it may have been stamped 35 already and irrespective of whether or not it has been stamped with a particular stamp denoting that it is duly stamped, again become chargeable with stamp duty,
 - (b) duty shall be chargeable at the rate of ten per cent. of 40 the increased consideration, due allowance being made for the amount of any duty already paid,
 - (c) if at the expiration of ninety days from the date of the increase in the consideration the instrument containing the contract is not stamped in accordance 45 with the foregoing subparagraph, all the parties to the contract, as well as being liable for the duty unpaid, shall jointly and severally be liable to a penalty equal

to twice the said duty, and the penalty shall be recoverable in the same manner as if it were part of the duty,

(d) where the amount or value of the consideration is decreased, the Revenue Commissioners may repay the difference between the amount of duty actually charged on the instrument containing the contract and the amount chargeable thereon by reference to the decreased consideration:

Provided that the application for repayment is made within 6 10 years after the date of the decrease in the consideration.

48.—Section 49 of the Finance Act, 1969, is hereby amended by Amendment of the substitution for subsections (2) and (3) of the following subscition 49 of Finance Act, 1969. sections-

"(2) With effect on and from the 1st day of January, 1976, subsection (1) of this section shall have effect in relation to an instrument if, but only if, it is shown to the satisfaction of the Revenue Commissioners that the Minister for Local Government has certified that he is satisfied that the house to which the instrument relates complies or, on the basis of evidence submitted to him, will comply, with the require-20 ments of one of the following sections, namely, sections 2 and 7 of the Housing (Loans and Grants) Act, 1962, and sections 1962, No. 27. 15 to 18 and 20 of the Housing Act, 1966, in relation to the making of a grant in respect of the house under the section.

(3) Stamp duties shall not be chargeable in the case of a 25 conveyance, transfer or lease of a house by a local authority under the provisions of the Housing Act, 1966, or of a conveyance, transfer or lease of a house by a society registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, 1893 to 1966, and made, in accordance with a scheme for the provision 30 of houses for its members, to a member or to such member and the spouse of the member.".

PART IV

VALUE-ADDED TAX

49.—This Part, other than sections 51, 52, 54 to 59 and 62, shall be Commencement. deemed to have come into operation as on and from the 1st day of March, 1976.

50 .- In this Part-

Definitions (Part IV).

"the Act of 1973" means the Finance Act, 1973;

40 "the Principal Act" means the Value-Added Tax Act, 1972.

51.-Section 3 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the Amendment of substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph (e) of sub- section 3 of Principal Act. section (1):

"(e) the application by a person for the purposes of his business of the goods, being goods which were developed, constructed, assembled, manufactured, produced, extracted or imported by him or by another person on his behalf, except where tax chargeable in relation to 5 the goods would, if they had been delivered to the first-mentioned person by an accountable person, be wholly deductible under section 12, and".

Amendment of section 10 of Principal Act.

52.—Section 10 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the insertion after subsection (6) of the following subsection:

"(6A) (a) In this subsection 'duty' means an excise duty chargeable on the importation, manufacture or production of goods or a customs duty.

(b) The amount on which tax is chargeable on the delivery of goods liable to duty shall, where the 15 delivery is made before the duty falls due, be increased by an amount equal to the amount of duty that would be payable in relation to the goods if the duty had become due at the time of the delivery.".

Amendment of section 11 of Principal Act. 53.—Section 11 of the Principal Act is hereby amended—

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- (a) by the substitution in subsection (1) of the following paragraph for paragraph (a) (inserted by the Act of 1973):
 - "(a) 10 per cent. of the appropriate amount of any consideration which relates to the delivery of goods of a kind specified in Part I of the Third Schedule or the rendering of services of a kind specified in Part II of that Schedule,",

(b) by the substitution of the following paragraphs for paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of subsection (1):

- "(c) (i) 35 per cent. of the appropriate amount of any 30 consideration which relates to the delivery of goods of a kind specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule,
 - (ii) 40 per cent. of the appropriate amount of any consideration which relates to the delivery of 35 goods of a kind specified in Part II of the Fourth Schedule,
 - (d) zero per cent. of the appropriate amount of any consideration which relates to the delivery of any goods in the circumstances specified in paragraph 40 (i), (v) or (xvi) of the Second Schedule or the delivery of goods of a kind specified in paragraphs (vi) to (viii), (xii) to (xv) and (xvii) to (xx) of that Schedule or the rendering of services of a kind specified in that Schedule, and
 - (e) 20 per cent. of the appropriate amount of any consideration which relates to the delivery of any other goods or the rendering of any other services.",
- (c) by the substitution of the following subsection for subsection (7)—

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 - "(7) (a) Sections 8 (3) and (14) shall not apply to a person in so far as he is chargeable with tax in

respect of the promotion of a dance, and the promotion of a dance or a series of dances by a person shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be a separate business carried on by such person.

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- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (1) and section 10, tax shall, in relation to the promotion of a dance, be charged at the rate specified in subsection (1) (a) on the total amount of money, excluding tax, received or receivable from persons admitted to the dance in respect of admission together with the total amount of money (if any), excluding tax, received or receivable in respect of-
 - (i) goods of a kind specified in paragraph (e) (i) delivered, or
 - (ii) services of a kind specified in paragraph (e) (ii) rendered,

in connection with the dance where payment of the consideration in respect thereof is a condition of admission to the dance and is not included in the consideration in respect of admission.

- (c) Every person who intends to promote a dance or a series of dances shall notify the Revenue Commissioners in accordance with regulations of his intention to do so.
- (d) The proprietor of any premises shall not promote a dance therein, or allow a dance to be promoted therein by any other person, unless he has received notice from the Revenue Commissioners that they have been notified in accordance with paragraph (c).
- (e) In this subsection—
- 'the promotion of a dance' includes-
 - (i) the delivery in connection with the dance of any goods to which, but for this subsection, subsection (1) (a) or subsection (1) (d) would apply where payment of the consideration for such delivery is included in the consideration in respect of admission to the dance or is a condition of admission,
 - (ii) the rendering in connection with the dance of any services to which, but for this subsection, subsection (1) (a) or subsection (1) (d) would apply where payment of the consideration for such rendering is included in the consideration in respect of admission to the dance or is a condition of admission;
 - 'dance' does not include a dance the number of persons to be admitted to which is limited to one hundred and the consideration for admission to which does not exceed twenty pence.".

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54.—Section 12 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the Amendment of 55 substitution for paragraph (d) of and the proviso to subsection (1) of the following:

section 12 of Principal Act.

"(d) the tax chargeable during such period in respect of goods applied for the purposes of his business and treated as delivered in accordance with section 3 (1) (e):

Provided that, in relation to-

- (i) the application of any goods of a kind specified in the 5 Fourth Schedule by a person for the purposes of his business and treated as delivered in accordance with section 3 (1) (e),
- (ii) the delivery (otherwise than by virtue of section 3
 (1) (e)) of any goods of a kind specified in the Fourth 10
 Schedule delivered to a manufacturer of goods of the kind so delivered, being goods applied by him for the purposes of his business otherwise than as stock-intrade (within the meaning of section 34), or
- (iii) the delivery (otherwise than by virtue of section 3 15 (1) (e)) or importation of any goods of a kind specified in the Fourth Schedule delivered to or imported by a person other than a manufacturer of goods of the kind so delivered or imported,

the amount deductible under this section by any such person 20 shall not exceed a sum representing tax at the rate for the time being specified in section 11 (1) (a) on the amount or value, as the case may be, on which tax was chargeable in respect of the application, delivery or importation in question."

Amendment of section 15 of Principal Act. 55.—Section 15 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the 25 substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph (a) of subsection (4):

S.I. No. 334 of 1972. "(a) Subject to paragraph (b), the value of any goods for the purpose of this section shall be their value as ascertained in accordance with Regulation 14 of the European 30 Communities (Customs) Regulations, 1972, increased by the amount of any duty, levy or other tax (excluding value-added tax) payable in relation to their importation."

Amendment of section 21 of Principal Act. 56.—Section 21 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the 35 substitution for paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of the following paragraph:

"(b) to tax recoverable by virtue of a notice under section 23 as if (whether a notice of appeal under that section is received or not) the tax were tax which the person was 40 liable to pay for the taxable period or, as the case may be, the later or latest taxable period included in the period comprised in the notice."

Amendment of section 26 of Principal Act. 57.—Section 26 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of the following 45 paragraphs:

"(d) a certificate signed by an officer of the Revenue Commissioners which certifies that he has inspected the relevant records of the Revenue Commissioners and that it appears from them that, during a stated period, the defendant was an accountable person or was a registered person or was not a registered person shall be evidence until the contrary is proved that, during that period, the defendant was an accountable person or was a registered person or was not a registered person, as the case may be, 55

(e) a certificate certifying as provided for in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) and purporting to be signed by an officer of the Revenue Commissioners may be tendered in evidence without proof and shall be deemed, until the contrary is proved, to have been signed by an officer of the Revenue Commissioners.".

58.—Section 32 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the Amendment of insertion in subsection (1), after paragraph (u), of the following section 32 of Principal Act. paragraph:

- "(uu) the adjustments to be made by an accountable person of 10 any apportionment referred to in paragraph (x) or deduction under section 12 previously made, being adjustments by reference to changes, occurring not later than five years from the end of the taxable period to which the original apportionment or deduction relates, in any 15 of the matters by reference to which the apportionment or deduction was made or allowed, and the determination of the taxable period in and from which or in which any such adjustment is to take effect;".
- 59.—Section 34 of the Principal Act is hereby amended by the Amendment of substitution of the following paragraph for paragraph (a) of sub- section 34 of Principal Act. section (5):

Substitution of new schedules for First, Second, Third and Fourth

"(a) movable goods of a kind that are delivered by the person in the ordinary course of his business being goods which are actually held for delivery (otherwise than by virtue of section 3 (1) (e)) or which would be so held if they were mature or if their manufacture, preparation or construction were complete, or ".

60.—The Principal Act is hereby amended by-

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- (a) the substitution for the First Schedule thereto of the Schedule contained in Part I of the Table to this section.
 - (b) the substitution for the Second Schedule thereto of the Principal Act. Schedule contained in Part II of the said Table,
- (c) the substitution for the Third Schedule thereto of the Schedule contained in Part III of the said Table, and
 - (d) the substitution for the Fourth Schedule thereto of the Schedule contained in Part IV of the said Table.

TABLE

PART I

FIRST SCHEDULE

EXEMPTED ACTIVITIES

- (i) Supply of stocks, shares and other securities;
- (ii) supply of unused Irish postal, fiscal or social insurance stamps; or other stamps, coupons or tokens when supplied as things in action for a money consideration which is charged separately from the consideration for any goods or other services supplied in conjunction with the supply of such things in action and which is reasonable having regard to the exchange value of such things in action;
- (iii) delivery of water by local authorities;

- (iv) letting of immovable goods with the exception of-
 - (a) letting of machinery or business installations when let separately from any other immovable goods of which such machinery or installations form part,
 - (b) letting in the course of carrying on a hotel business, and
 - (c) provision of parking accommodation for vehicles by the operators of car parks;
- (v) provision of board and lodging otherwise than in the course of carrying on a hotel business;
- (vi) services provided by the State or by a local authority other than the construction, repair, maintenance and improvement of roads, harbours and sewerage works;
- (vii) services given in return for wages and salaries in respect of which income tax is chargeable under Schedule E of the Income Tax Act, 1967;
- (viii) professional services of a medical, dental, optical or educational nature other than services rendered in the course of carrying on a business which consists in whole or in part of selling goods;
- (ix) services of a medical or educational nature rendered by hospitals, nursing homes, schools and similar establishments; and catering services rendered—
 - (a) to patients of a hospital or nursing home in the hospital or nursing home, and
 - (b) to students of a school in the school;
- (x) services rendered in the course of their profession by solicitors, accountants, actuaries and veterinary surgeons;
- (xi) services rendered in the course of their profession by barristers;
- (xii) agency services in regard to-
 - (a) the arrangement of passenger transport or accommodation for persons,
 - (b) the delivery of goods sold by a house agent, or by an auctioneer in such circumstances that the goods are not regarded as delivered by the auctioneer,
 - (c) the collection of debts, rents or insurance premiums, and
 - (d) the rendering of other exempt services;
- (xiii) banking and insurance services;
- (xiv) lending money or affording credit otherwise than by means of hire-purchase or credit-sale transactions;
- (xv) the national broadcasting and television services, excluding advertising;
- (xvi) transport in the State of passengers and their accompanying baggage;
- (xvii) betting;
- (xviii) the issue of tickets or coupons for the purpose of a lottery;
- (xix) admissions to zoological gardens;
- (xx) the promotion of and admissions to sporting events and agricultural, commercial or industrial fairs, shows or exhibitions;

- (xxi) the collection, storage and supply of human blood;
- (xxii) funeral undertaking;
- (xxiii) valuation services rendered by an auctioneer, house agent or chartered surveyor;
- (xxiv) delivery of live horses;
- (xxv) delivery of live greyhounds;
- (xxvi) the natural or artificial insemination of livestock.

PART II

SECOND SCHEDULE

GOODS AND SERVICES CHARGEABLE AT THE RATE OF ZERO PER CENT.

- (i) Goods delivered-
 - (a) outside the State, or
 - (b) inside the State but subject to a condition that they are to be transported directly by or on behalf of the person making the delivery-
 - (I) outside the State, or
 - (II) to a registered person within the customsfree airport;
- (ii) services rendered outside the State;
- (iii) the carriage of goods in the State by or on behalf of a person in execution of a contract to transfer the goods to or from a place outside the State;
- (iv) the provision of docking, landing, loading or unloading facilities, including customs clearance, directly in connection with the disembarkation or embarkation of passengers or the importation or exportation of goods;
- (v) goods delivered on board ships or aircraft going to places outside the State; and the repairing and servicing of ships and aircraft engaged in international commercial transport of passengers and goods;
- (vi) fishing nets, and sections thereof, of a kind commonly used by commercial fishermen for the purposes of their occupation and not commonly used for any other purpose:
- (vii) animal feeding stuff, excluding feeding stuff which is packaged, sold or otherwise designated for the use of dogs, cats, cage birds or domestic pets;
- (viii) fertiliser (within the meaning of the Fertilisers, Feeding Stuffs and Mineral Mixtures Act, 1955) which is de- 1955, No. 8. livered in units of not less than 10 kilograms and the sale or manufacture for sale of which is not prohibited under section 4 or 6 of the said Act;

- (ix) services provided by the Commissioners of Irish Lights in connection with the operation of lightships, lighthouses or other navigational aids;
- (x) the construction, repair, maintenance and improvement of roads, harbours, and sewerage works by the State, local authorities or harbour authorities;
- (xi) life saving services provided by the Royal National Lifeboat Institution including the organisation and maintenance of the lifeboat service;

- (xii) food and drink of a kind used for human consumption, excluding food and drink specified in paragraph (xv) of the Third Schedule;
- (xiii) medicine of a kind used for human oral consumption;
- (xiv) medicine of a kind used for animal oral consumption, excluding medicine which is packaged, sold or otherwise designated for the use of dogs, cats, cage birds or domestic pets;
 - (xv) seeds, plants, trees, spores, bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, of a kind used for sowing in order to produce food;
- (xvi) goods of different kinds which are packaged for sale as a unit (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the package) and in relation to which all the following conditions are satisfied—
 - (a) the package consists of goods in relation to the delivery of some of which for a separate consideration tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (d) and, in relation to the delivery of the remainder of which for a separate consideration, tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (e),
 - (b) the consideration for delivery is referable to the package as a whole and not to the different kinds of goods included therein, and
 - (c) the total tax-exclusive value of the goods included in the package, in relation to the delivery of which for a separate consideration tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in the said section 11 (1) (e), does not exceed 50 per cent. of the total tax-exclusive consideration for the package or 2½ pence, whichever is the lesser;
- (xvii) articles of personal clothing, footwear and textile handkerchiefs, excluding articles of clothing made wholly or partly of fur skin other than garments merely trimmed with fur skin unless the trimming has an area greater than one-fifth of the area of the outside material;
- (xviii) fabrics, yarn and thread of a kind normally used in the manufacture of clothing, including elastics, tape and padding materials in the form supplied for the manufacture of clothing;
- (xix) sole and upper leather of a kind supplied for the manufacture and repair of footwear, and also soles, heels and insoles of any material;
- (xx) (a) coal, peat and other solid substances held out for sale solely as fuel,
 - (b) gas of a kind used for domestic or industrial heating or lighting, whether in gaseous or liquid form, but not including gas of a kind normally used for welding and cutting metals or gas sold as lighter fuel,
 - (c) electricity,
 - (d) hydrocarbon oil of a kind used for domestic or industrial heating excluding gas oil (within the meaning of the HydrocarbonOil(Rebated Oil) Regulations, 1961) other than gas oil which has been duly marked in accordance with Regulation 6 (2) of the said Regulations.

S.I. No. 122 of 1961.

THIRD SCHEDULE

PART I

GOODS CHARGEABLE AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 11 (1) (a)

- (i) Animal medicine excluding medicine-
 - (a) of a kind specified in paragraph (xiv) of the Second Schedule, or
 - (b) which is packaged, sold or otherwise designated for the use of dogs, cats, cage birds or domestic pets;
- (ii) animal and vegetable produce in an unprocessed state, such as wool, horsehair, bristles, feathers, hides, skins, carcases, roots, plants and cereals;
- (iii) fertiliser other than fertiliser of a kind specified in paragraph (viii) of the Second Schedule;
- (iv) live animals, other than horses and greyhounds;
- (v) machinery, plant or equipment of a kind commonly used by farmers or fishermen in the State for the purposes of their occupation and not commonly used for any other purpose;
 - (vi) seeds, plants, trees, spores, bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, of a kind used for sowing for a purpose other than the production of food;
 - (vii) printed books and booklets;
 - (viii) newspapers and periodicals;
 - (ix) maps, atlases and globes;
 - (x) materials commonly used in the construction of buildings (including haybarns, harbours, bridges and roads) being—
 - (a) blocks, beams, piles, pillars, posts, slabs, lintels, sills and members of concrete, whether reinforced or not,
- (b) cement, concrete, lime, mortar, plaster, stone and bricks,
 - (c) dampcourse felts and other materials normally supplied as dampcourses,
 - (d) earth, sand and gravel,
 - (e) floor and wall tiles of concrete or clay,
 - (f) flue liners and chimney pots,
 - (g) glass in the sheet, but not including mirrors,
 - (h) insulation material in the form of sheets, slabs or rolls.
 - (i) nails, screws, bolts, nuts, hinges, locks, fasteners; and fittings for doors, windows, tubing and gutters,
- (j) paint and distemper,
 - (k) plaster board,
 - (1) polyethylene film of a kind commonly used by builders or farmers for the purposes of their occupation,

- (m) roofing felts and semi-solid substances used as a substitute for roofing felts,
 - (n) roofing tiles, including ridge and hip tiles and slates,
 - (o) sheets of metal or of other material, other than glass, not further worked than painted, sprayed or similarly finished,
 - (p) steel or aluminium in the form of angles, tees, joists, channels, bars, wire, extrusions or plate, not further worked than galvanised, sprayed or similarly finished,
 - (q) tar, asphalt, bitumen and pitch,
 - (r) timber, including plywood, blockboard, laminated wood, reconstituted wood and wood veneer sold in the form of planks, sheets or beams and not further worked than sawn lengthwise, planed, moulded, tongued, grooved or v-sheeted,
 - (s) tubing and gutters of metal, clay, cement, rubber, plastic or similar material of a kind normally supplied for structural purposes or for use as a conduit for cable, liquids, steam, gases or sewage;
- (xi) goods (other than hand tools) of any of the following descriptions namely:
 - (a) lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery (for example, lifts, hoists, winches, transporter cranes, jacks and pulley tackle),
 - (b) excavating, levelling, boring and extracting machinery for earth, minerals or ores (for example, bulldozers, mechanical shovels, excavators, scrapers, levellers and turf cutters),
 - (c) machines designed, constructed and intended for use in spreading or finishing asphalt, bitumen, tar, tarmacadam or concrete,
 - (d) works trucks that are mechanically propelled and are of the kind used in factories or warehouses for the transport or handling of goods over short distances, and
 - (e) equipment and parts that are specially designed for use with any of the goods specified in sub-paragraphs (a) to (d) and are of a kind not normally used for any other purpose;
- (xii) immovable goods;
- (xiii) chemicals which are specifically designated for use in agriculture, being seed dressings, herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, rodenticides, verminicides, soil sterilants, growth regulators, disinfectants or dairy detergents, but excluding chemicals which are packaged, sold or otherwise designated for human or domestic use;
- (xiv) calculating machines, accounting machines, cash registers, postage franking machines and similar machines incorporating a calculating device, automatic data processing machines and units thereof, magnetic and optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, parts suitable for use solely or principally with any of the machines specified in this paragraph;
- (xv) food and drink for human consumption of the following descriptions, that is to say—

- (a) beverages chargeable with any duty of excise specifically charged on spirits, beer, wine, cider, perry or Irish wine, and preparations thereof,
- (b) other manufactured beverages, including fruit juices and bottled waters, and syrups, concentrates, essences, powders, crystals or other products for the preparation of beverages, but excluding—
 - (I) tea and preparations thereof,
 - (II) cocoa, coffee and chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and preparations and extracts thereof, or
 - (III) preparations and extracts of meat, yeast, egg or milk,
- (c) ice cream, ice lollipops, water ices and similar frozen products, and prepared mixes and powders for making such products,
- (d) (1) chocolates, sweets and similar confectionery (including drained, glacé or crystallised fruits), biscuits, crackers and wafers of all kinds, and all other confectionery and bakery products excluding bread,
 - (II) in this subparagraph "bread" means food for human consumption manufactured by baking dough composed exclusively of a mixture of cereal flour and any one or more of the ingredients mentioned in the following subclauses in quantities not exceeding the limitation, if any, specified for each ingredient—
 - (1) yeast or other leavening or aerating agent, salt, malt extract, milk, water, gluten,
 - (2) fat, sugar and bread improver, subject to the limitation that the weight of any ingredient specified in this subclause shall not exceed 2 per cent. of the weight of flour included in the dough,
 - (3) dried fruit, subject to the limitation that the weight thereof shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the weight of flour included in the dough,

other than food packaged for sale as a unit (not being a unit designated as containing only food specifically for babies) containing two or more slices, segments, sections or other similar pieces, having a crust over substantially the whole of their outside surfaces, being a crust formed in the course of baking or toasting, and

- (e) any of the following when supplied for human consumption without further preparation, namely, potato crisps, potato sticks, potato chips, potato puffs and similar products made from potato, or from potato flour or from potato starch, popcorn, and salted or roasted nuts whether or not in shells;
- (xvi) medicines for human use other than by oral consumption, excluding goods which are, or are described or marketed as, soaps, shampoos, detergents, bleaches, germicides, insecticides, antiseptics or disinfectants;

(xvii) medical equipment and appliances being-

- (a) apparatus based on the use of x-rays or of the radiations from radio-active substances (including radiography and radiotherapy apparatus),
- apparatus),

 (b) furniture designed exclusively for medical, dental, surgical or veterinary use (for example, operating tables and hospital beds with mechanical fittings),
- (c) invalid carriages, and other vehicles of a kind designed for use by invalids or infirm persons,
 - (d) mechano-therapy appliances, massage apparatus, oxygen therapy apparatus, artificial respiration and similar apparatus and breathing appliances, excluding articles of a kind not designed exclusively for medical use,
 - (e) medical, dental, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances of a kind used solely in professional practice either to make a diagnosis or to prevent or treat an illness or to operate,
- (f) orthopaedic appliances, surgical belts, trusses and the like, artificial limbs, eyes, teeth and other artificial parts of the body, deaf aids, splints and other fracture appliances,
- (g) parts or accessories suitable for use solely or principally with any of the goods specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f),
- (h) diagnostic reagents,
- (i) x-ray film, and opacifying preparations for x-ray examinations,
- (j) wadding, gauze, bandages and similar goods (for example, dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices) and surgical sutures;
- (xviii) railway rolling stock and parts thereof, railway and tramway track fixtures, traffic signalling equipment (including fog signals), railway and tramway track construction materials of iron or steel, including rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates, rail chips, bedplates and ties;
- (xix) mechanically propelled road vehicles, other than vehicles of a kind specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule;
 - (xx) trailers (excluding caravans, mobile homes and trailer tents);
- (xxi) ships, boats and other vessels excluding-
 - (a) ships, boats and other vessels designed and constructed for the conveyance of passengers and not exceeding one hundred tons gross, and
 - (b) sports and pleasure craft of all descriptions including yachts, cabin cruisers, dinghies, canoes, skiffs and racing boats;
- (xxii) tobacco;
- (xxiii) fuel, other than fuel of a kind specified in paragraph (xx) of the Second Schedule;
- (xxiv) hydrocarbon oil (including greases), other than hydrocarbon oil of a kind specified in paragraph (xx) of the Second Schedule;
- (xxv) tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds;

- (xxvi) spare parts for goods of a kind specified in paragraphs (v) and (xx) and for mechanically propelled road vehicles, bicycles and boats;
- (xxvii) bodies and chassis designed for mechanically propelled road vehicles other than for motor vehicles of a kind specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule;
- (xxviii) second-hand movable goods, other than goods of a kind specified in the Second Schedule or the Fourth Schedule;
 - (xxix) goods of different kinds which are packaged for sale as a unit (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the package) and in relation to which all the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (a) the package consists of goods in relation to the delivery of some of which for a separate consideration tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (a) and, in relation to the delivery of the remainder of which for such a consideration, tax would be chargeable at any other rate or rates,
 - (b) the consideration for delivery is referable to the package as a whole and not to the different kinds of goods included therein, and
 - (c) the total tax-exclusive value of the goods included in the package, in relation to the delivery of which for a separate consideration or separate considerations tax would be chargeable at a rate or rates other than the rate specified in the said section 11 (1) (a), does not exceed 50 per cent. of the total tax-exclusive consideration for the package or 2½ pence, whichever is the lesser.

PART II

SERVICES CHARGEABLE AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 11 (1) (a)

- (i) Services other than the hiring or letting of goods;
- (ii) the hiring (in this paragraph referred to as the current hiring) to a person of—
 - (a) goods of a kind described in subparagraph
 (a) or (b) of paragraph (xxi) of Part I of this
 Schedule, or
 - (b) a caravan, mobile home or trailer tent, under an agreement, other than an agreement of the kind referred to in section 3 (1) (b), for any term or part of a term which, when added to the term of any such hiring (whether of the same goods or of other goods of the same kind) to the same person during the period of 12 months ending on the date of the commencement of the current hiring, does not exceed 5 weeks;
- (iii) the hiring of goods of a kind on the delivery of which, if paragraph (xxviii) of Part I of this Schedule were disregarded, tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (a);
- (iv) the hiring of goods of a kind specified in the Fourth Schedule;
- (v) the hiring of cinematograph films;
- (vi) the letting of immovable goods;
- (vii) the hiring to a person under an agreement in writing, other than an agreement of the kind referred to in section 3 (1) (b), entered into before the 24th day of October, 1972, of movable goods in the possession of the person on

the 1st day of November, 1972, of a kind on the delivery of which, if paragraph (xxviii) of Part I of this Schedule were disregarded, tax would be chargeable at the rate specified in section 11 (i) (e);

(viii) the hiring of goods of a kind specified in paragraph (xvii) of the Second Schedule.

PART IV

FOURTH SCHEDULE

PART I

GOODS CHARGEABLE AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 11 (1) (c) (i)

Motor vehicles designed and constructed for the conveyance of persons by road, and sports motor vehicles, estate cars, station wagons, motor cycles, motor scooters, mopeds and auto cycles, whether or not designed and constructed for the purpose aforesaid, excluding vehicles designed and constructed for the carriage of more than sixteen persons (inclusive of the driver), invalid carriages and other vehicles of a type designed for use by invalids or infirm persons.

PART II

GOODS CHARGEABLE AT THE RATE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 11 (1) (c) (ii)

- (i) Radio receiving sets and television receiving sets which are of the domestic or portable type or which are of a kind suitable for use in road vehicles;
- (ii) gramophones, radiogramophones, record reproducers;
- (iii) gramophone records.

Consequential amendments.

61.—In consequence of the amendments specified in sections 53 and 60 and the repeals specified in Part II of the Fifth Schedule, the Principal Act is hereby further amended as specified in Part II of the First Schedule.

Priority in bankruptcy and winding-up. 1889, c. 60.

- 62.—(1) There shall be included among the debts which, under 5 section 4 of the Preferential Payments in Bankruptcy (Ireland) Act, 1889, are to be paid in priority to all other debts in the distribution of the property of a person, being a bankrupt, arranging debtor, or person dying insolvent, any tax for which the person is liable in relation to taxable periods which shall have ended within the 10 period of 12 months next before the date on which the order of adjudication of the bankrupt was made, the petition of arrangement of the debtor was filed, or, as the case may be, the person died insolvent and any interest payable by the person under section 21 of the Principal Act.
 - (2) (a) There shall be included among the debts which, under section 285 of the Companies Act, 1963, are to be paid in priority to all other debts in the winding-up of a company any tax for which the company is liable in relation to taxable periods which shall have ended 20 within the period of 12 months next before the relevant date and any interest payable by the company under section 21 of the Principal Act.

- (b) Paragraph (a) shall, for the purposes of section 98 of the Companies Act, 1963, be deemed to be contained in section 285 of that Act.
- (c) In paragraph (a) "the relevant date" has the same meaning as it has in section 285 of the Companies Act, 1963.

63.—(1) In this section—

"qualified vehicles" means vehicles which, on or before the 29th respect of motor vehicles. day of February, 1976, were delivered to or imported by a person other than a manufacturer of goods of the kind so delivered or 10 imported in such circumstances that tax at the rate of 36.75 per cent. was chargeable in relation to such delivery or importation;

"relevant delivery" means a delivery of any qualified vehicles in such circumstances that, but for this section, tax at the rate of 10 per cent. would be chargeable;

- 15 "vehicles" means goods (other than second-hand goods) of a kind specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule (inserted by this Act) to the Principal Act.
- (2) During the period which commenced on the 1st day of March, 1976, and ended on the 30th day of April, 1976, notwith-20 standing the provisions of section 11 of the Principal Act, tax shall, in relation to a relevant delivery, be chargeable and be deemed to have been chargeable at the rate of 6.75 per cent.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 (1) of the Principal Act, the amount deductible by a person under that 25 section in relation to-
 - (a) any qualified vehicles, and
 - (b) the delivery or importation of any vehicles (not being qualified vehicles) in relation to the consideration for a delivery of which by him tax was charged at the rate of 6.75 per cent.,

shall not exceed, in the case of a delivery of such goods to him, 6.75 per cent. of the consideration payable by him exclusive of any tax payable in respect of the delivery by the person making the delivery and, in the case of an importation, 6.75 per cent. of the 35 value of the goods calculated in accordance with section 15 (4) of the said Act.

PART V

Excise Duties on Mechanically Propelled Vehicles

CHAPTER I

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General

64.—(1) In this Part—

"the Act of 1920" means the Roads Act, 1920;

"the Act of 1952" means the Finance (Excise Duties) (Vehicles) 1920, c. 72. Act, 1952;

45 "general licence" means a licence issued under section 9 of the Act of 1920:

"licensing authority" means a county council or the corporation of a county borough;

"the Minister" means the Minister for Local Government;

50 "motor dealer" means a person who carries on the business of manufacturing, repairing or selling vehicles to which this Part applies;

"prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Minister under this Part;

Interpretation and

(Part V)

1952, No. 24.

Transitional

"public place" means any street, road or other place to which the public have access with vehicles, whether as of right or by permission and whether subject to or free of charge;

"relevant licensing authority" means, in relation to a vehicle, the licensing authority in whose functional area the vehicle is for the 5 time being ordinarily kept or in case the vehicle is not ordinarily kept in a particular such area, the licensing authority in whose functional area is situate the principal place of business of the person by whom the vehicle is kept or the place where he ordinarily resides;

"relevant person", in relation to a vehicle, means a person whose name is most recently entered in relation to the registration of the vehicle pursuant to the Act of 1920;

"vehicle", except where the context otherwise requires, means a mechanically propelled vehicle;

"vehicle excise duty" means the duty of excise charged and levied under section 1 of the Act of 1952.

(2) A person shall for the purposes of this Part be regarded as keeping a vehicle in a public place if he causes it to be in such place for any period, however short.

(3) This Part, other than section 79, shall come into operation on such day or days as may be fixed therefor by order or orders of the Minister, either generally or with reference to any particular purpose or provision and different days may be so fixed for different purposes and different provisions of this Part.

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Regulations generally (Part V).

65.—(1) The Minister may make regulations for prescribing any matter referred to in this Part as prescribed.

(2) Every regulation made by the Minister under this Part shall be laid before each House of the Oireachtas as soon as may be after it is made and, if a resolution annulling the regulation is 3 passed by either such House within the next twenty-one days on which that House has sat after the regulation is laid before it, the regulation shall be annulled accordingly but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder.

Application of Part V.

66.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, this Part applies 35 to any vehicle in respect of which vehicle excise duty may be charged.

(2) For so long as a vehicle is used under the authority of a general licence sections 70 and 71 of this Act shall not apply to it.

(3) The Minister may by regulations provide for the exemption 40 of persons using or keeping vehicles which are of a class or description specified in the regulations from all or any of the requirements of this Part, other than section 70, in so far as the requirement or requirements to which the regulations relate apply to the vehicles.

Certain particulars relating to and transfers of certain vehicles to be furnished to licensing authorities.

67.—(1) Where a person—

- (a) keeps for any period a vehicle in respect of which vehicle excise duty is chargeable, and
- (b) a licence referred to in section 1 of the Act of 1952 has not been issued in respect of the vehicle,

the person shall, not later than seven days after the commencement 50 of the period, furnish to the relevant licensing authority in the prescribed manner the particulars prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.

- (2) Where as regards a vehicle to which this Part applies the relevant person transfers his interest in the vehicle, the person making the transfer shall within the prescribed period notify in the prescribed manner the relevant licensing authority of the transfer 5 and give to that authority the particulars prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.
- (3) Every person who on the commencement of this section is a person to whom a licence mentioned in section 1 of the Act of 1952 has been issued, being a licence which is in force on such com-10 mencement, shall, as regards the vehicle to which the licence relates, be deemed to have complied with the requirements of subsection (1) of this section.
- (4) Regulations made pursuant to section 12 (1) (d) of the Act of 1920 and which are in force on the commencement of this section 15 shall be deemed also to have been made under this Part by the Minister.
 - (5) Any person who-
 - (a) fails to comply with a requirement of subsection (1) or (2) of this section, or
- (b) in purported compliance with any obligation to which he is 20 subject by virtue of the said subsection (1) or (2), gives any information which he knows to be false in a material particular or recklessly gives information which is so
- 25 shall be guilty of an offence.

CHAPTER II

Liability for, and consequences of non-payment of, vehicle excise duty

68.—(1) Vehicle excise duty which is charged in respect of a Payment and 30 vehicle and which is for the time being unpaid shall be payable to recovery of vehicle excise duty. the relevant licensing authority by any person who, either at the time when the duty is charged or at any other time during the period to which the duty relates, is in relation to the vehicle the relevant person.

- (2) In case vehicle excise duty charged in respect of a vehicle remains unpaid after the expiration of the period of fourteen days beginning on the day on which the duty is charged, the duty shall be recoverable by the relevant licensing authority as a simple contract debt and proceedings for its recovery may be taken in any
- 40 court of competent jurisdiction by the authority, or by any person appointed by the authority for the purposes of this section (which appointment the authority is hereby authorised to make), against any person by whom, by virtue of subsection (1) of this section, the duty is payable to the authority.
- (3) Where vehicle excise duty is chargeable on any vehicle, the relevant licensing authority may issue a certificate under this section certifying either or both of the following, namely;
 - (a) the amount (if any) of duty which is unpaid on the date of the certificate, and
- (b) the name of the person standing entered on that date in 50 relation to the registration of the vehicle.
- (4) In any legal proceedings a certificate issued under subsection (3) of this section shall be prima facie evidence of the facts thereby certified, and any document purporting to be such a 55 certificate shall be admitted as evidence without proof of the

signature of the person purporting to sign the certificate or that the person was an officer of the licensing authority issuing the certificate, until the contrary is shown.

(5) In any proceedings for the recovery of vehicle excise duty charged on a vehicle, other than a vehicle to which section 70 of 5 this Act applies, it shall be a defence for the defendant to prove that the vehicle was not at any time during the period to which the duty relates used either by him or by another person pursuant to a duly given authorisation.

Vehicles to which section 70 applies.

- 69.—(1) Section 70 of this Act applies to a vehicle to which a 10 declaration under this section relates.
- (2) The Government may by order declare that any mechanically propelled vehicle which is a vehicle to which this Part applies and is of a class or description specified in the order shall, for so long as the order remains in force, be a vehicle to which section 70 of 15 this Act applies.
- (3) The Government may by order revoke or amend an order under this section (including an order under this subsection).
- (4) Where, on an application being made in the prescribed manner as regards, and on the prescribed particulars being furnished in 20 respect of, a vehicle which apart from this section would be a vehicle to which section 70 of this Act applies, the relevant licensing authority is satisfied that the vehicle is permanently incapable of being used or has been broken up or destroyed or has been exported permanently, the relevant licensing authority shall amend in 25 the prescribed manner the particulars furnished as regards the vehicle pursuant to section 5 of the Act of 1920 or pursuant to this Part, and thereupon the vehicle shall cease to be one in relation to which the said section 70 applies.
- (5) Where an application is made in the prescribed manner as 30 regards, and the prescribed particulars are furnished in respect of, a vehicle which apart from this subsection would be a vehicle to which section 70 of this Act applies and the relevant licensing authority is satisfied that the vehicle has been stolen and has not been recovered and that such conditions or requirements (if any) as 35 may be prescribed for the purposes of this subsection have been complied with, then for so long as, after the determination of the application by the authority, the vehicle continues not to be recovered, the said section 70 shall not, as respects the vehicle, apply to the person making the application.
- (6) An application under this section shall be determined as soon as may be by the licensing authority by which it is duly received.
- (7) When an order under this section is proposed to be made by the Government, a draft of the order shall be laid before each House of the Oireachtas and the order shall not be made until a resolution 45 approving of the draft has been passed by each such House.

Continuous liability for vehicle excise duty payable as regards certain vehicles.

- 70.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, vehicle excise duty shall be chargeable in respect of a vehicle to which this section applies whether or not the vehicle is used in a public place and any person who, either at the time when the duty is charged or at any other time during the period to which the duty relates, is in relation to the vehicle the relevant person shall be liable for payment of the duty.
- (2) A person shall not be liable by virtue of subsection (1) of this section to pay vehicle excise duty for—

- (a) any period for which such duty has been paid and has not been repaid in consequence of the surrender of a licence.
- (b) any period during which he keeps the vehicle solely for the purpose of repairing, maintaining or selling it in the course of his business as a motor dealer or using it under the authority of a general licence in the course of his business as a motor dealer.

71.—(1) Where vehicle excise duty is chargeable on a vehicle Using and keeping (whether by virtue of this Act or the Act of 1952) and is unpaid, vehicles on which chargeable vehicle excise duty is uses, parks or otherwise keeps the vehicle in a public place or causes unpaid. another person to so use the vehicle or who authorises such use of the vehicle by another person shall be guilty of an offence.

- (2) Where a defendant charged with an offence under this section 15 was the servant of the person by whom the vehicle was kept, it shall be a good defence to the charge for the defendant to show that he was using the vehicle in obedience to the express orders of that person.
- (3) (a) Where a person is convicted of an offence under this section he shall not be liable to have imposed on him in respect 20 of the same act a penalty under section 13 (1) of the Act of 1920.
 - (b) Where a penalty referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection is imposed on a person, he shall not be convicted of an offence under this section in relation to the same act.
- 72.—Where a person convicted of an offence under section 71 of Additional liability this Act or section 13 (1) of the Act of 1920 is, at the time of the offence, as regards the vehicle in respect of which the offence was excise duty is committed, the relevant person, the court shall, in addition to any unpaid. penalty which it may impose in respect of the offence, order him to 30 pay the relevant licensing authority a sum equal to the amount or, as may be appropriate, the aggregate of the amounts, of vehicle excise duty which, on the date of the conviction, is, by virtue of section 68 of this Act, recoverable from him by the relevant licensing authority.

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CHAPTER III

Miscellaneous

73.—(1) Where a vehicle to which this Part applies is used, Licences to be parked or otherwise kept at any time in a public place, if while the fixed to and vehicle is being so used, parked or kept there is not fixed to and 40 exhibited on the vehicle in accordance with section 5 (5) of the Act of 1920 a licence which is both issued in respect of the vehicle and is for the time being in force, then the person by whom the vehicle is so used, parked or kept at the time shall be guilty of an offence, and in addition to the person aforesaid, the person (if he is not 45 the person aforesaid) who on the day on which the offence is committed is in relation to the vehicle the relevant person shall also be guilty of an offence.

- (2) A person shall not be convicted under this section and under section 12 (4) of the Act of 1920 in respect of the same omission.
- 50 74.—(1) Subsections (2), (3) and (5) of section 103 of the Road Provisions Traffic Act, 1961, shall apply in relation to an offence under supplementary to section 73 of this Act as if the offence were an offence to which section 73.

 1961, No. 24. the said section 103 applies.

(2) Section 2 of the Local Authorities (Traffic Wardens) Act, 1975, No. 14. 55 1975, shall be construed and shall have effect as if subsection (2) thereof contained a reference to functions relating to an offence under section 73 of this Act.

(3) Section 3 of the Local Authorities (Traffic Wardens) Act, 1975, shall apply to an offence under section 73 of this Act and the said section 3 shall be construed and shall have effect in accordance with the foregoing.

Onus of proof; defence.

- 75.—(1) In any proceedings for an offence under this Part it 5 shall not be necessary for the prosecution to negative by evidence the existence of any licence referred to in section 1 of the Act of 1952 and the onus of proving the existence of such licence shall be on the person seeking to avail himself thereof.
- (2) In any proceedings for an offence under this Part it shall 10 not be necessary for the prosecution to prove that at the time at which the offence is alleged to have been committed, either by virtue of section 66 (2) or section 69 (4) of this Act, this Part did not apply to, or section 70 of this Act either did not apply to or had not ceased to apply in relation to, the vehicle to which the 15 proceedings relate, or, by virtue of section 69 (5) of this Act or regulations made under section 66 (3) of this Act, the said section 70 or any requirement of this Part, did not apply or had not ceased to apply to the defendant, and in any such proceedings the onus of proving that at the said time this Part did not so apply or the 20 said section 70 either did not apply or had ceased so to apply, shall be on the defendant.
- (3) In any proceedings for an offence under this Part in which it is alleged by the prosecution that the defendant caused or authorised the use by another person of a particular vehicle in a public place 25 it shall not be necessary for the prosecution to prove that such use was so caused or authorised, but in such proceedings it shall be a good defence for the defendant to prove that on the occasion in question the vehicle was being used by a person other than the defendant and that the defendant had neither caused nor authorised 30 such use.

Penalties (Part V).

76.—A person guilty of an offence under this Part shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

Amendment of section 12 of Act of 1920.

- 77.—(1) Section 12 (1) (e) of the Act of 1920 shall have effect as if the words "(not exceeding five shillings)" were deleted.
- (2) Subsection (4) of section 12 of the Act of 1920 is hereby amended by the substitution of "one hundred pounds" for "twenty pounds", and the said subsection (4), as so amended, is set out in the Table to this section.

TABLE

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(4) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, any regulations made under this Act, he shall, for each offence, be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

78.—(1) Section 1 of the Act of 1952 is hereby amended by—

Amendment of

- (a) the substitution of "in any public place" for "on public Act of 1952. roads" in subsection (1); and
- (b) the substitution of the following for subsection (11):

"(11) In this section-

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'public place' means any street, road or other place to which the public have access with mechanically propelled vehicles as of right or by permission and whether subject to or free of charge;

'quarter' means any period of three months.";

and the said subsection (1), as so amended, is set out in the Table to this section.

(2) Section 1 (1) of the Act of 1952, as amended by subsection (1) of this section, shall be construed and shall have effect in relation to 15 a vehicle to which section 70 of this Act applies as if the words "used in any public place" were deleted.

TABLE

1.—(1) On and after the 1st day of January, 1953, there shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be charged, levied and paid in respect of mechanically propelled 20 vehicles used in any public place duties of excise at the rates specified in the Schedule to this Act.

79.—(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the Act Rates of vehicle of 1952, shall, as respects licences under section 1 of that Act for excise duty. 25 periods beginning on or after the 1st day of March, 1976, be amended by the substitution in Part I of the Schedule thereto (as amended by section 93 (4) of the Finance Act, 1973) of the following subparagraph 1973, No. 19. for subparagraph (d) of paragraph 6:

"(d) other vehicles to which this paragraph applies—

not exceeding 8 horse-power £4 for each unit 30 or part of a unit of horse-power exceeding 8 horse-power and not exceeding 12 horse-power £5 for each unit or part of a unit 35 of horse-power ... £6 for each unit exceeding 12 horse-power ... or part of a unit of horse-power electrically propelled

(2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not have effect in relation to any vehicle-

- (a) which is used as a small public service vehicle within the meaning of the Road Traffic Act, 1961, and for no other purpose,
 - (b) which is fitted with a taximeter and is lawfully used as a street service vehicle within the meaning of the said Road Traffic Act, 1961, or for purposes incidental to such user and for no other purpose, or
- (c) which is used as a hearse and for no other purpose. 50

(3) Subsection (1) of this section shall not have effect in relation to vehicles specified in Article 3 of the Imposition of Duties (No. 170) (Excise Duties) (Vehicles) Order, 1968, as amended by the Imposition of Duties (No. 216) (Excise Duties) (Vehicles) Order, 1975.

S.I. No. 68 of 1968. S.I. No. 5 of 1975.

(4) Proceeds of the variations of duties effected by this section, calculated in such manner as the Minister for Finance may direct, shall, notwithstanding section 3 of the Act of 1952, be disregarded in any determination of a sum to be issued out of the Central Fund under section 2 (1) of the Act of 1920.

PART VI

MISCELLANEOUS

Capital Services Redemption Account, 1950, No. 18. 80.—(1) In this section—

- "the principal section" means section 22 of the Finance Act, 1950;
- "the 1975 amending section" means section 54 of the Finance Act, 10 1975;
- "the twenty-sixth additional annuity" means the sum charged on the Central Fund under subsection (4) of this section;
- "the Minister", "the Account" and "capital services" have the same meanings respectively as they have in the principal section.
- (2) In relation to the twenty-nine successive financial years commencing with the financial year ending on the 31st day of December, 1976, subsection (4) of the 1975 amending section shall have effect with the substitution of "£7,122,533" for "£7,272,655".
- (3) Subsection (6) of the 1975 amending section shall have effect 20 with the substitution of "£4,496,112" for "£4,681,565".
- (4) A sum of £9,472,954 to redeem borrowings, and interest thereon, in respect of capital services shall be charged annually on the Central Fund or the growing produce thereof in the thirty successive financial years commencing with the financial year ending 25 on the 31st day of December, 1976.
- (5) The twenty-sixth additional annuity shall be paid into the Account in such manner and at such times in the relevant financial year as the Minister may determine.
- (6) Any amount of the twenty-sixth additional annuity not exceeding £6,097,945 in any financial year, may be applied towards defraying the interest on the public debt.
- (7) The balance of the twenty-sixth additional annuity shall be applied in any one or more of the ways specified in subsection (6) of the principal section.

Repeals.

- 81.—(1) The enactment mentioned in column (2) of Part I of the Fifth Schedule to this Act is hereby repealed to the extent specified in column (3) of that Schedule.
- (2) The enactment mentioned in column (2) of Part II of the Fifth Schedule to this Act is hereby repealed to the extent specified 40 in column (3) of that Schedule.
 - (3) (a) Subsection (1) of this section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 6th day of April, 1976.
 - (b) Subsection (2) of this section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 1st day of March, 1976. 45

Care and management of taxes and duties. 82.—All taxes and duties (except the excise duties on mechanically propelled vehicles) imposed by this Act are hereby placed under the care and management of the Revenue Commissioners.

83.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Finance Act, 1976.

Short title, construction and commencement.

(2) Part I of this Act (so far as relating to income tax, including sur-tax) shall be construed together with the Income Tax Acts and (so far as relating to corporation profits tax) shall be construed 5 together with Part V of the Finance Act, 1920, and the enactments amending or extending that Part and (so far as relating to capital gains tax) shall be construed together with the Capital Gains Tax 1975, No. 20. Act, 1975.

- (3) Part II of this Act, so far as it relates to customs, shall be 10 construed together with the Customs Acts and the said Part II, so far as it relates to duties of excise, shall be contrued together with the Statutes which relate to the duties of excise and the management of those duties.
- (4) Part III of this Act shall be construed together with the 15 Stamp Act, 1891, and the enactments amending or extending that 1891, c. 39.
 - (5) Part IV of this Act shall be construed together with the Value-Added Tax Act 1972, and the enactments amending or extending that Act.
- (6) Part I of this Act shall, save as is otherwise expressly provided therein, be deemed to have come into force and shall take effect as on and from the 6th day of April, 1976.
- (7) Any reference in this Act to any other enactment shall, except so far as the context otherwise requires, be construed as a 25 reference to that enactment as amended by or under any other enactment including this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE

AMENDMENT OF ENACTMENTS

PART I

Section 10.

Amendments consequential on changes in personal reliefs

- 1. The Income Tax Act, 1967, is hereby amended in accordance with the following provisions of this paragraph:
 - (i) In section 138-
 - (a) in subsection (1), for "£920", in each place where it occurs, there shall be substituted "£1,010", for "£575" there shall be substituted "£620", and for "£1,035" there shall be substituted "£1,125",
 - (b) in subsection (2), for "£575", in each place where it occurs, there shall be substituted "£620", and for "£635" there shall be substituted "£685".
 - (ii) In section 141, in subsection (1A), for "£230" there shall be substituted "£240" and for "£310", in each place where it occurs, there shall be substituted "£320".

PART II

Section 61.

Amendments consequential on certain amendments of Value-Added Tax Act, 1972

Number and Year (1) Short Title (2)		e	Amendment (3)	
No. 22 of 1972	Value-Added Act, 1972.	Tax	In section 1 (1) the following definition shall be inserted: "'fur skin' means any skin with the fur, hair or wool attached except skin of woolled sheep or lamb;".	
			In section 3 (5) (b) "either of the rates" shall be substituted for "the rate".	

FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

Number and Year (1)	Short Title	Amendment (3)
		In section 10 (2A) (b) (ii) (inserted by the Finance Act, 1975) "either of the rates" shall be substituted for "the rate".
		In section 10—
real Frey II.		(a) in subsection (7), "10 per cent." shall be substituted for "14-81 per cent." (inserted by the Finance Act, 1973), and
		(b) in subsection (8) (b), "30 per cent." shall be substituted for "45 per cent." (inserted by the Finance Act, 1973).
	L Activities the	In section 11—
off the 18th		(a) in subsection (2) (b) (inserted by the Finance Act, 1975) "a rate" shall be substituted for "the rate", and
		(b) in subsection (3), "paragraph (xxix)" shall be substituted for "paragraph xxxii".
A STORE OF THE STO	Steromatic street as	In section 15—
		(a) in subsection (1), the following paragraph shall be substituted for paragraph (b):
		"(b) (i) on goods of a kind specified in Part I of the Fourth Schedule at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (c) (i) on the value of the goods,
	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O	(ii) on goods of a kind specified in Part II of the Fourth Schedule at the rate specified in section 11 (1) (c) (ii) on the value of the goods, and",
		and
		(b) in subsection (4) (b), "10 per cent." shall be substituted for "14-81 per cent." (inserted by the Finance Act, 1973).

Section 36.

SECOND SCHEDULE

RATES OF EXCISE DUTY ON SPIRITS

Description of Spirits	Rate of Duty
	£
For every gallon computed at proof of spirits of any description not mentioned hereinafter and imported mixtures and preparations containing spirits	26-0376
For every gallon of imported perfumed spirits entered in such manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested	41-660
For every gallon of imported liqueurs, cordials, mixtures	
and other preparations in bottle entered in such manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested	35-151

RATES OF EXCISE DUTY ON TOBACCO

Description of Tobacco	Rate of Duty
Unmanufactured tobacco:	£
Unstripped or unstemmed:	a region and
Containing 10% or more by weight of moisture the lb.	6.789
Other the lb.	6-989
Stripped or stemmed:	
Containing 10% or more by weight of moisture the lb.	6.789
Other the lb.	6.989
Manufactured tobacco:	
Cigars the lb.	6-817
Cigarettes the lb.	6-843
Cavendish or negrohead:	
Manufactured in bond, the lb.	6.889
Other the lb.	6-914
Snuff:	
Containing more than 13% by weight of	
moisture the lb.	6.814
Other the lb.	6-914
Reconstituted or homogenised tobacco:	
Containing 10% or more by weight of moisture the lb.	6.789
Other the lb.	6.989
Other:	
Hard pressed tobacco the lb.	5.643
Other pipe tobacco the lb.	6.606
Other manufactured tobacco the lb.	6-831

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Section 38.

PART I

RATES OF EXCISE DUTY ON WINE

Description of Wine	Rate of Duty
and the second s	£
Not exceeding 25° of proof spirit the gallon	2-299
Exceeding 25° but not exceeding 30° of proof spirit	2.611
Exceeding 30° of proof spirit [the gallon	3.480
Sparkling the gallon	4.498
Wine whether still or sparkling exceeding 42° of proof spirit	
An additional duty for every degree or fraction of a degree above 42° of proof spirit	0-175

PART II RATES OF EXCISE DUTY ON MADE WINE

Description of Made Wine	Rate of Duty
Still	£
Not exceeding 25° of proof spirit the gallon	1-921
Exceeding 25° but not exceeding 30° of proof spirit the gallon	1-991
Exceeding 30° of proof spirit the gallon	2.302
Sparkling the gallon	3-201
Whether still or sparkling exceeding 42° of proof spirit	
An additional duty for every degree or fraction of a degree above 42° of proof spirit the gallon	0.141

FIFTH SCHEDULE ENACTMENTS REPEALED

Section 81.

PART I

Number and Year (1)	Short Title (2)	Extent of Repeal (3)
No. 6 of 1967	Income Tax Act, 1967.	Section 125 (a). In section 157 (c), the words from ", and salaries" to "to the Bank". In section 477 (2) (d), the words from "except" to "a year". In section 557, the words "and Rule 6 of Schedule 2". In Schedule 2, Rules 5, 6 and 7.

Section 81.

PART II

			ART II
Number and Year (1)	Short Titl	e	Extent of Repeal (3)
No. 22 of 1972	Value-Added Act, 1972.	Tax	Section 11 (1) (b). Section 12 (1) (b). Section 13. In section 17— (a ₁ subsections (2) and (4),
			(b) in subsection (6), the words ", otherwise than as required by section 13,",
			(c) in subsection (7), the words from "and an amendment of an invoice" to the end of the subsection,
	The same		(d) in subsection (8), the words "or subsection (2), as may be appropriate," and
			(e) in subsection (10) (a), the words from "or goods or services" to "to a registered person".
			In section 26— (a) in subsection (1), the numerals "13,", and
			(b) in subsection (2), the words "other than under and in accordance with section 13,".
			In section 32 (1)— (a) paragraph (f ₁ , and
			(b) in paragraph (w), the words from "and the treatment" to the end of the paragraph.
			Section 35 (1) (c).

BILLE

(mar a tionscnaiodh)

dá ngairtear

Acht do mhuirearú agus d'fhorchur dleachtanna áirithe custam agus ioncaim intíre (lena n-áirítear mál), do leasú an dlí a bhaineann le custaim agus ioncam intíre (lena n-áirítear mál) agus do dhéanamh tuilleadh forálacha i dtaobh airgeadais.

An tAire Airgeadais a thug isteach

Ordaíodh ag Dáil Éireann a chlóbhualadh, 31 Márta, 1976

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