



BILLE BREITHIUNAIS CHOIRIULA (RIARA), 1924.
CRIMINAL JUSTICE (ADMINISTRATION) BILL, 1924.

Mar do tugadh isteach.

As introduced.

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Saorstát Éireann.

BILLE BREITHIUNAIS CHOIRIULA (RIARA), 1924.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE (ADMINISTRATION) BILL, 1924.

BILL

entitled

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO
INDICTMENTS IN CRIMINAL CASES, AND MATTERS
INCIDENTAL OR SIMILAR THERETO.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OIREACHTAS OF SAORSTÁT
ÉIREANN AS FOLLOWS:—

10

Rules as to
indictments.

1.—The rules contained in the First Schedule to this Act with respect to indictments shall have effect as if enacted in this Act, but those rules may be added to, varied, or annulled by further rules made under this Act.

Making of rules
under this Act.

2.—(1) Rules made under this Act shall be made by and with the concurrence of the same persons as those by whom and with whose concurrence the Rules of Court mentioned in section 36 of the Courts of Justice Act, 1924 (No. 10 of 1924), are by that section authorised or required to be made. 15

(2) Section 101 of the Courts of Justice Act, 1924 (No. 10 of 1924), shall apply to all rules made under this Act. 20

Rules which may
be made under
this Act.

3.—(1) Rules may from time to time be made under this Act varying or annulling all or any of the rules contained in the First Schedule to this Act.

(2) In addition to the rules contained in the First Schedule to this Act, further rules may be made under this Act in respect of any of the matters dealt with in the said rules contained in the First Schedule to this Act. 25

(3) The rules contained in the First Schedule to this Act shall have effect subject to any modifications or additions made therein or thereto by rules made under this Act. 30

General
provisions as to
indictments.

4.—(1) Every indictment shall contain, and shall be sufficient if it contains, a statement of the specific offence or offences with which the accused person is charged, together with such particulars as may be necessary for giving reasonable information as to the nature of the charge. 35

(2) Notwithstanding any rule of law or practice, an indictment shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, not be open to objection in respect of its form or contents if it is framed in accordance with the rules under this Act. 40

Joinder of
charges in the
same
indictment.

5.—Subject to the provisions of the rules under this Act, charges for more than one felony or for more than one misdemeanour, and charges for both felonies and misdemeanours, may be joined in the same indictment, but where a felony is tried together with any misdemeanour, the jury shall be sworn and the person accused shall have the same right of challenging jurors as if all the offences charged in the indictment were felonies. 45

6.—(1) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, it appears to the court that the indictment is defective, the court shall make such order for the amendment of the indictment as the court thinks necessary to meet the circumstances of the case, unless, having regard to the merits of the case, the required amendments cannot be made without injustice, and may make such order as to the payment of any costs incurred owing to the necessity for amendment as the court thinks fit.

Orders for amendment of indictment, separate trial, and postponement of trial.

(2) Where an indictment is so amended, a note of the order for amendment shall be endorsed on the indictment, and the indictment shall be treated for the purposes of the trial and for the purposes of all proceedings in connection therewith as having been preferred to the jury in the amended form.

(3) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, the court is of opinion that a person accused may be prejudiced or embarrassed in his defence by reason of being charged with more than one offence in the same indictment, or that for any other reason it is desirable to direct that the person should be tried separately for any one or more offences charged in an indictment, the court may order a separate trial of any count or counts of such indictment.

(4) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, the court is of opinion that the postponement of the trial of a person accused is expedient as a consequence of the exercise of any power of the court under this Act to amend an indictment or to order a separate trial of a count, the court shall make such order as to the postponement of the trial as appears necessary.

(5) Where an order of the court is made under this section for a separate trial or for the postponement of a trial—

(a) if such an order is made during a trial the court may order that the jury are to be discharged from giving a verdict on the count or counts the trial of which is postponed or on the indictment, as the case may be; and

(b) the procedure on the separate trial of a count shall be the same in all respects as if the count had been preferred in a separate indictment, and the procedure on the postponed trial shall be the same in all respects (if the jury has been discharged) as if the trial had not commenced; and

(c) the court may make such order as to costs and as to admitting the accused person to bail, and as to the enlargement of recognizances and otherwise as the court thinks fit.

(6) Any power of the court under this section shall be in addition to and not in derogation of any other power of the court for the same or similar purposes.

7.—Where it appears to the court that an indictment contains unnecessary matter, or is of unnecessary length, or is materially defective in any respect, the court may make such order as to the payment of that part of the costs of the prosecution which has been incurred by reason of the indictment so containing unnecessary matter, or being of unnecessary length, or being materially defective as the court thinks fit.

Costs of defective or redundant indictments.

8.—Nothing in this Act shall prevent an indictment being open to objection if it contravenes or fails to comply with the Vexatious Indictments Act, 1859.

Provision as to Vexatious Indictments Acts.

9.—(1) All criminal charges prosecuted upon indictment in any court shall be prosecuted at the suit of the Attorney-General of Saorstát Éireann.

Prosecutions to be at suit of Attorney-General.

(2) Save where a criminal prosecution in a court of summary jurisdiction is prosecuted by a Minister, Department of State, or person (official or unofficial) authorised in that behalf by the

law for the time being in force, all prosecutions in any court of summary jurisdiction shall be prosecuted at the suit of the Attorney-General of Saorstát Eireann.

Form of jurors' oath in criminal cases.

10.—The oath to be administered to the jurors empanelled for the trial of any criminal charge or issue shall be in the following form, that is to say:— 5

“ I do swear by Almighty God that I will well and truly
“ try the issue as to whether the accused is guilty or not
“ guilty of the offence charged in the indictment preferred
“ against him (or her) and that I will give a true verdict 10
“ according to the evidence.”

Savings and interpretation.

11.—(1) Nothing in this Act or the rules thereunder shall affect the law or practice relating to the jurisdiction of a court or the place where an accused person can be tried, nor prejudice or diminish in any respect the obligation to establish by evidence according to law any acts, omissions, or intentions which are legally necessary to constitute the offence with which the person accused is charged, nor otherwise affect the laws of evidence in criminal cases.

(2) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the expression “ the court ” means the court before which any indictable offence is tried or prosecuted. 20

(3) The provisions of this Act relating to indictments shall apply to criminal informations in the High Court and inquisitions, and also to any plea, replication, or other criminal pleading, with such modifications as may be made by rules made under this Act. 25

Repeal, extent, and short title.

12.—(1) The enactments specified in the Second Schedule to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of that schedule. 30

(2) This Act may be cited as the Criminal Justice (Administration) Act, 1924.

Sections 1, 2 (2).

FIRST SCHEDULE.

RULES.

Material, etc., for indictments.

1.—(1) An indictment may be on parchment or durable paper, and may be either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed. 35

(2) Each sheet on which an indictment is set out shall be not more than 12 and not less than 6 inches in length, and not more than 14 and not less than 12 inches in width, and if more than one sheet is required, the sheets shall be fastened together in book form. 40

(3) A proper margin not less than 3 inches in width shall be kept on the left-hand side of each sheet.

(4) Figures and abbreviations may be used in an indictment for expressing anything which is commonly expressed thereby. 45

(5) An indictment shall not be open to objection by reason only of any failure to comply with this rule.

Commencement of the indictment.

2.—The commencement of the indictment shall be in the following form:— 50

The Attorney-General of Saorstát Eireann v. A.B.
COURT OF TRIAL (e.g. *Central Criminal Court*, (or) *Court of the High Court Circuit*, (or) *The Circuit Court of Justice in Saorstát Eireann*, (or) *The Court of the County Court Judge of Waterford*, (or) *The Court of the Recorder of Cork*).

CHARGE PREFERRED TO THE JURY.

A.B. is charged with the following offence (offences):—

3.—Charges for any offences, whether felonies or misdemeanours, may be joined in the same indictment if those charges are founded on the same facts, or form or are a part of a series of offences of the same or a similar character. Joining of charges in one indictment.

4.—(1) A description of the offence charged in an indictment, or where more than one offence is charged in an indictment, of each offence so charged, shall be set out in the indictment in a separate paragraph called a count. Mode in which offences are to be charged.

(2) A count of an indictment shall commence with a statement of the offence charged, called the statement of offence.

(3) The statement of offence shall describe the offence shortly in ordinary language, avoiding as far as possible the use of technical terms, and without necessarily stating all the essential elements of the offence, and if the offence charged is one created by statute, shall contain a reference to the section of the statute creating the offence.

(4) After the statement of the offence, particulars of such offence shall be set out in ordinary language, in which the use of technical terms shall not be necessary:

Provided that where any rule of law or any statute limits the particulars of an offence which are required to be given in an indictment, nothing in this rule shall require any more particulars to be given than those so required.

(5) The forms set out in the appendix to these rules or forms conforming thereto as nearly as may be shall be used in cases to which they are applicable, and in other cases forms to the like effect or conforming thereto as nearly as may be shall be used, the statement of offence and the particulars of offence being varied according to the circumstances in each case.

(6) Where an indictment contains more than one count, the counts shall be numbered consecutively.

5.—(1) Where an enactment constituting an offence states the offence to be the doing or the omission to do any one of any different acts in the alternative, or the doing or the omission to do any act in any one of any different capacities, or with any one of any different intentions, or states any part of the offence in the alternative, the acts, omissions, capacities, or intentions, or other matters stated in the alternative in the enactment, may be stated in the alternative in the count charging the offence. Provisions as to statutory offences.

(2) It shall not be necessary, in any count charging a statutory offence, to negative any exception or exemption from or qualification to the operation of the statute creating the offence.

6.—(1) The description of property in a count in an indictment shall be in ordinary language and such as to indicate with reasonable clearness the property referred to, and if the property is so described it shall not be necessary (except when required for the purpose of describing an offence depending on any special ownership of property or special value of property) to name the person to whom the property belongs or the value of the property. Description of property.

(2) Where property is vested in more than one person, and the owners of the property are referred to in an indictment it shall be sufficient to describe the property as owned by one of those persons by name with others, and if the persons owning the property are a body of persons with a collective name, such as "Inhabitants," "Trustees," "Commissioners," or "Club" or other such name, it shall be sufficient to use the collective name without naming any individual.

7.—The description or designation in an indictment of the accused person, or of any other person to whom reference is made Description of persons.

	therein, shall be such as is reasonably sufficient to identify him, without necessarily stating his correct name, or his abode, style, degree, or occupation; and if, owing to the name of the person not being known, or for any other reason, it is impracticable to give such a description or designation, such description or designation shall be given as is reasonably practicable in the circumstances, or such person may be described as "a person unknown."	5
Description of document.	8.—Where it is necessary to refer to any document or instrument in an indictment, it shall be sufficient to describe it by any name or designation by which it is usually known, or by the purport thereof, without setting out any copy thereof.	10
General rule as to description.	9.—Subject to any other provisions of these rules, it shall be sufficient to describe any place, time, thing, matter, act, or omission whatsoever to which it is necessary to refer in any indictment, in ordinary language in such a manner as to indicate with reasonable clearness the place, time, thing, matter, act or omission referred to.	15
Statement of intent.	10.—It shall not be necessary in stating any intent to defraud, deceive or injure, to state an intent to defraud, deceive or injure any particular person where the statute creating the offence does not make an intent to defraud, deceive or injure a particular person an essential ingredient of the offence.	20
Charge of previous convictions, etc.	11.—Any charge of a previous conviction of an offence or of being a habitual criminal or a habitual drunkard shall be charged at the end of the indictment by means of a statement—in the case of a previous conviction that the person accused has been previously convicted of that offence at a certain time and place without stating the particulars of the offence, and in the case of a habitual criminal or habitual drunkard, that the offender is a habitual criminal or a habitual drunkard, as the case may be.	25 30
Saving for s. 32 (4) of the Children Act, 1908.	12.—Nothing in these rules or in any rules made under section two of this Act shall affect the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 32 of the Children Act, 1908.	35
Duty to furnish copy of indictment.	13.—(1) It shall be the duty of the registrar of the court to supply to the accused person, on request, a copy of the indictment free of charge. (2) In the application of this rule to county courts, the clerk of the peace shall be substituted for the registrar of the court.	40
Interpretation.	14.—The Interpretation Act, 1923 (No. 46 of 1923) applies for the interpretation of these rules as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of the Oireachtas.	
Short title.	15.—These rules may be cited as the Indictment Rules, 1924, and these rules, together with any rules made under this Act, may be cited together by such collective title as may be prescribed by the last-mentioned rules.	45

APPENDIX TO RULES.

FORMS OF INDICTMENT.

1.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

5 Murder.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____,
murdered J.S.

2.

10

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Accessory after the fact to murder.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

15 A.B., well knowing that one H.C. did on the _____ day of _____
in the county of _____ murder C.C., did on the _____ day
of _____ in the county of _____ and on other days
thereafter receive, comfort, harbour, assist and maintain the said H.C.

3.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Manslaughter.

20

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____,
unlawfully killed J.S.

4.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

25 Rape.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____,
had carnal knowledge of E.F. without her consent.

5.

30

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

Wounding with intent, contrary to section 18 of the Offences against the Person Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

35 A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____,
wounded C.D., with intent to do him grievous bodily
harm, or to maim, disfigure, or disable him, or to resist the lawful apprehension
of him the said A.B.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

40

Wounding, contrary to section 20 of the Offences against the Person Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____,
maliciously wounded C.D.

6.

45

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Cruelty to a child, contrary to section 12 of the Children Act, 1908

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

50 A.B., between the _____ day of _____ and the _____ day
of _____, in the county of _____, being a person
over the age of sixteen years having the custody, charge, or care of C.D., a child,
ill-treated or neglected the said child, or caused or procured the said child to be
ill-treated or neglected in a manner likely to cause the said child unnecessary
suffering or injury to its health.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Larceny, contrary to section 17 (1)a of the Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the day of , in the county of 5
M.N. ten yards of cloth. , being clerk or servant to M.N., stole from the said

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Robbery, with violence, contrary to section 23 (1)(b) of the Larceny Act, 1916. 10

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____ c _____ in the county of _____
robbed C.D. of a watch, and at the time of or immediately
before or immediately after such robbery did use personal violence to the said
C.D.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

Larceny after a previous conviction.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the County of _____, stole a bag, the property of C.D. A.B. has been previously convicted of burglary on the _____ day of _____, at the Court sitting at Galway.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

Receiving stolen goods, contrary to section 33 (1) of the Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the County of _____, did receive a bag, the property of C.D., knowing the same to have been stolen. 30

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Larceny, contrary to section 13 of the Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., in the night of the day of in the County of , did break and enter the dwelling-house of C.D. with intent therein, and did steal therein one watch, the property of S.T., the said watch being of the value of ten pounds.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE

Threatening to publish a libel, contrary to section 31 of the Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the County of _____, sent, delivered or uttered to or caused to be received by C.D., a letter accusing or threatening to accuse the said C.D. of an infamous crime with intent to extort money from the said C.D. 45

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Obtaining goods by false pretences, contrary to section 32 (1) of the Larceny Act, 1916.	50
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PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the County of _____, with intent to defraud, obtained from S.P. five yards of cloth by falsely pretending that he, the said A.B., was a servant to J.S., and that he, the said A.B., had been sent by the said J.S. to S.P. for the said cloth, and that he, the said A.B., was then authorised by the said J.S. to receive the said cloth on behalf of the said J.S.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Conspiracy to defraud.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

- 5 A.B., and C.D., on the day of and on
divers days between that day and the day of
in the County of , conspired together with intent to
defraud by means of an advertisement inserted by them, the said A.B. and
C.D., in the H.S. newspaper, falsely representing that A.B. and C.D. were then
10 carrying on a genuine business as jewellers at , in the
County of , and that they were then able to supply certain
articles of jewellery to whomsoever would remit to them the sum of two pounds.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

15

Arson, contrary to section 2 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

- A.B., on the day of , in the County of
20 , maliciously set fire to a dwelling house, one F.G. being
therein.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

Arson, contrary to section 3 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

- 25 A.B., on the day of , in the County of
 , maliciously set fire to a house with intent to injure or
defraud.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCES.

- 30 A.B., arson, contrary to section 3 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861;
C.D., accessory before the fact to same offence.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCES.

- A.B., on the day of , in the County of
 , set fire to a house with intent to injure or defraud.
35 C.D., on the same day, in the County of , did counsel,
procure, and command the said A.B. to commit the said offence.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

- 40 Offence under section 35 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

- A.B., on the day of , in the County of
 , displaced a sleeper belonging to the Great Southern
and Western Railway with intent to obstruct, upset, overthrow, injure, or
45 destroy any engine, tender, carriage or truck using the said railway.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

Obstructing railway, contrary to section 36 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

- 50 A.B., on the day of , in the county of
 , by unlawfully displacing a sleeper belonging to the
Great Southern and Western Railway did obstruct or cause to be obstructed
an engine or carriage using the said railway.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE

A.B. has been twice previously convicted of an offence under section 22 of the Malicious Damage Act, 1861, namely at _____, on the _____ day of _____, and at _____, on the _____ day of _____.

10

18.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

15

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____, with intent to defraud, forged a certain will purporting to be the will of C.D.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

20

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____, uttered a certain forged will purporting to be the will of C.D., knowing the same to be forged and with intent to defraud.

25

29.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the day of , at the shop kept 30
by C.D. in the county of , uttered a counterfeit half-crown,
knowing the same to be counterfeit.

20.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the day of , at the shop kept by
C.D. in the county of , uttered a counterfeit sovereign,
knowing the same to be counterfeit.

A.B. has been previously convicted of a misdemeanour under section 9 of the Coinage Offences Act, 1861, on the _____ day of _____, 19____, at _____.

21.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

45

A.B., on the day of , in the county of , being a witness upon the trial of an action in the High Court of Justice in Saorstát Éireann, in which one, was plaintiff, and one was defendant, knowingly, falsely swore that he saw one M.N. in the street called Dame Street, Dublin, on the day of , 19 .

50

22.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Libel.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the _____ day of _____, in the county of _____, published a defamatory libel concerning E.F., in the form of a letter (book, pamphlet, picture, or as the case may be). 55
(Innuendo should be stated where necessary.)

10

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

Publishing obscene libel.

5

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

E.M., on the day of , in the county of
 sold, uttered, and published and caused or procured to
 be sold, uttered, and published an obscene libel the particulars of which are
 deposited with this indictment.
 10 (Particulars to specify pages and lines complained of where necessary, as in a
 book.)

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

Procuring obscene libel (or thing) with intent to sell or publish.

15

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

E.M., on the day of , in the county of
 procured an obscene libel (or thing), the particulars of
 which are deposited with this indictment, with intent to sell, utter or publish
 such obscene libel (or thing).

20

24.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

Falsification of accounts, contrary to section 1 of Falsification of Accounts Act, 1875.

25

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the day of , in the county of
 being clerk or servant to C.D., with intent to defraud,
 made or concurred in making a false entry in a cash-book belonging to the said
 C.D., his employer, purporting to show that on the said day £100 had been
 30 paid to L.M.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

SECOND COUNT.

Same as first count.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

35 A.B., on the day of , in the county of
 being clerk or servant to C.D., with intent to defraud, omitted
 or concurred in omitting from or in a cash book belonging to the said C.D.,
 his employer, a material particular, that is to say, the receipt on the said day of
 £50 from H.S.

25.

40

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

FIRST COUNT.

Fraudulent conversion of property, contrary to section 20 (1) IV. (a) of Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

45 A.B., on the day of , in the county of
 fraudulently converted to his own use and benefit
 certain property, that is to say £100, entrusted to him by H.S., in order that he,
 the said A.B., might retain the same in safe custody.

STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

50

SECOND COUNT.

Fraudulent conversion of property, contrary to section 20 (1), IV. (b) of Larceny Act, 1916.

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

55 A.B., on the day of , in the county of
 fraudulently converted to his own use and benefit certain
 property, that is to say, the sum of £200, received by him for and on account of
 L.M.

SECOND SCHEDULE.
ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

Session and Chapter	Short Title	Extent of Repeal
11 & 12 Vict. c. 12.	The Treason Felony Act, 1848.	Section five.
11 & 12 Vict. c. 46.	The Criminal Procedure Act, 1848.	The whole Act so far as unrepealed.
14 & 15 Vict. c. 100.	The Criminal Procedure Act, 1851.	Sections one, two, three, five, seven, twenty-three, twenty-four, and twenty-five.
24 & 25 Vict. c. 96.	The Larceny Act, 1861.	Section twenty-eight from "and in any indictment" to the end of the section, and section one hundred and sixteen from the beginning of the section to "offences; and."
24 & 25 Vict. c. 97.	The Malicious Damage Act, 1861.	Section sixty, down to "alleging an intent to injure or defraud any particular person; and."
24 & 25 Vict. c. 98.	The Forgery Act, 1861.	Sections forty-two and forty-three, and section forty-four down to "any particular person; and."
24 & 25 Vict. c. 99.	The Coinage Offences Act, 1861.	Section thirty-seven, from "it shall be sufficient" to "conviction for the previous offence; and."
24 & 25 Vict. c. 100.	The Offences against the Person Act, 1861.	Section 6.
26 & 27 Vict. c. 29.	The Corrupt Practices Prevention Act, 1863.	Section six, down to "require; and."
38 & 39 Vict. c. 24.	The Falsification of Accounts Act, 1875.	Section two.
39 & 40 Vict. c. 36.	The Customs Consolidation Act, 1876.	Section twenty-nine, from "and in any information" to the end of the section.
46 & 47 Vict. c. 3.	The Explosive Substances Act, 1883.	Sub-section (2) of section seven.
51 & 52 Vict. c. 64.	The Law of Libel Amendment Act, 1888.	Section seven.
61 & 62 Vict. c. 60.	The Inebriates Act, 1898.	In sub-section (2) of section one the words "in any indictment under this section, it shall be sufficient, after charging the offence, to state that the offender is a habitual drunkard."
8 Edw. 7, c. 48	The Post Office Act, 1908.	Section seventy-three so far as respects indictments.
8 Edw. 7, c. 59	The Prevention of Crime Act, 1908.	Sub-section (3) of section ten.

Saorstát Éireann.

Saorstát Éireann.

BILLE BREITHIUNAIS CHOIRIULA
(RIARA), 1924.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE (ADMINISTRATION) BILL, 1924.

BILLE

(*mar do tugadh isteach*)

dá ngairmtear

Acht chun leasú do dhéanamh ar an dlí a bhaineas le díotála i gcásanna coiriúla agus nithe a bhaineas leo san no atá cosúil leo.

An t-Aire Dlí agus Cirt do thug isteach.

Do hórduíodh, ag Dáil Éireann, do chlóbhuála, 5adh Meitheamh, 1924.

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